

SEIZURE OF SAILORS ON MERCHANT SHIPS DEFENDED BY BERLIN

German Government, in
Statement to Washington,
Claims Right to Hold Neu-
trals as Prisoners of War.

GERMANY TO FORCE ISSUE ON ARMED MERCHANTMEN

Holding of Crew of Yar-
rowdale as War Prisoners
Furnishes an Opportunity.
United States Opposes the
German Contention.

Berlin, January 21.—(Via London).—A summary of the German admiralty's official statement on the detention as prisoners of war of neutral sailors aboard armed merchantmen captured by the German naval forces was published to the state department at Washington by Ambassador Gerard this evening. This is the only information yet available regarding this development.

German official circles profess to regard the case as affording an opportunity for negotiations looking to the settlement between America and Germany of the status of armed merchantmen. Since the men in question are safe and the case is not complicated by the loss of human life, as might have been involved had it arisen from the destruction of armed merchantmen by submarines, optimism over an amicable adjustment is expressed here.

Since the issuing of the German memorandum on the subject, the German authorities have held that a ship which mounts guns, whether they be intended for defense or offense, loses its status as a private commercial craft and becomes a vessel of war. Sailors taking service on such a ship, these authorities contend, lose their neutral status, just as if they had enlisted in the naval forces of a belligerent. Therefore, these sailors are liable to treatment as prisoners of war, it is held.

These grounds are set forth in the second annex to the German prize code, which states explicitly that the crews of armed merchantmen which offer resistance to German naval forces shall be treated as war prisoners. Though the memorandum and the prize code state this, the problem has been held in abeyance.

Of late, however, the armed merchantman issue has again become pressing, and the belief is growing that the government will take advantage of the situation created by the bringing into a German port of the prize ship Yarrowdale, with the crew held as prisoners of war, to bring the question to a head.

GERMAN SEA ROVERS FLYING U. S. FLAG.

Rio Janeiro, January 21.—The minister of marine has received a telegram from the captain of the Pernambuco steamer, reporting the previously reported declaration of the commander of the Brazilian steamer Maranhao that he had encountered two auxiliary ships, believed to be German, off the coast of Brazil. The Brazilian government, in addition to sending out the coast defense ship, Deodoro to guard the northern coast of Brazil, has decided to dispatch the scout cruiser Rio Grande do Sul, which will cruise between Port Natal and Fernando da Noronha island, to keep close watch on the coast in these waters. The two vessels will leave for the north Tuesday.

The Rio Janeiro newspaper, A Noticia, says that about one hundred sailors from the German gunboat Eber, embarked at Bahia, are reported to have been taken on the Swedish steamer St. Croix, which left Rio Janeiro four days ago and is said to have met the German raider on the high seas for the purpose of putting these men aboard. These sailors had been interned on Cabora Island, in the Bay of Rio Janeiro, for more than a year.

A representative of this newspaper inspected the German steamer Hohenstaufen in Rio Janeiro harbor and declares that the vessel was taking on provisions and water and had steam up. The Hohenstaufen and another German steamer, the Capra, according to A Noticia, have made preparations to put to sea.

Reports have been received here that manifestations in favor of the Germans took place on the German steamer Leo. When the work of the raider became known, a number of the passengers aboard protested.

The minister of marine declared today that the Brazilian warships watching the coast have been given instructions to capture any raiders operating in any manner that might injure Brazil's neutrality. Without attaching any credence to the reports that German steamers were planning to escape from the ports where they are interned, the minister said emphatically that orders had been issued to the captains of the ports to prevent any secret departure.

The minister of marine has thus far received no exact information as to the nationality of the steamers reported to have departed from Macao to the newspaper A Notia, reporting the presence of vessels near Foz de Iguaçu, north-northwest of Port Natal.

The British auxiliary cruiser Edinburgh Castle reported Rio Janeiro harbor today. The German steamer Alchir, which has been interned here, is filled with war material.

FRAZIER SHOT TO DEATH BY NEPHEW OF WIFE

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 21.—Carl Frazier, a private detective and former sheriff of Rhea county, Tennessee, was killed and his nephew, Homer Frazier, was critically wounded in a pistol duel here tonight. Homer Frazier was boarding at the home of Carl Frazier's wife, who recently had sued her husband for support. Carl Frazier called at his wife's home tonight and the pistol duel was the outcome of a quarrel, according to the police.

She Killed Herself Despite Arguments Of Her Physician

After Discussing Suicide
With Dr. Porter, Miss De
Jong Shot Herself in the
Head.

San Francisco, Cal., January 21.—Miss Betty de Jong, a painter of wide reputation, died early today from a self-inflicted bullet wound in the head. The police said today they had virtually completed their investigation of the case and examination of Dr. William S. Porter, a well-known Oakland physician, who was in Miss de Jong's studio when she shot herself. After several hours of questioning he was permitted to go to his home. An inquest will be held.

Dr. Porter met Miss de Jong, he said, last year during the Panama-Pacific exposition at which she had several exhibits.

Dr. Porter said he was to sit for his portrait yesterday, but was unable to keep the engagement and called at the studio to inform the artist. Soon after his arrival, the physician declared, Miss de Jong began discussing suicide, all the while holding a small revolver. For three hours, the physician said, he tried to persuade the young woman not to think of such a thing. Finally when he was about to leave, he said, Miss de Jong shot herself.

The police said tonight that they found in the studio not only complete corroboration of Dr. Porter's story, but evidence that Miss de Jong had carefully set the stage for her death.

When Dr. Porter went to the studio at 6 p. m. he found that the furniture had been rearranged. He said he was conducted to a chair that had been placed by itself near the innermost wall of the studio. Under this chair was a rug about eight feet square.

Miss de Jong seated herself on a big chair near the door, produced the pistol and informed him that she was going to kill herself before he left.

"I started toward her," said the doctor. "She pointed the gun at me and said: 'Don't leave that rug or I'll kill you first.'"

Finding serious argument unavailing he said he tried treating the matter lightly. "You can pin to have everything very nicely planned," he said. "When are you going to do this dreadful thing?"

According to the police, the doctor said she replied: "You step out of that rug."

It was shortly after that, he told the police that Miss de Jong in a conversational tone said:

"I thought I had succeeded in making her change her mind," he said, "and I would have been there yet. As I stepped off the rug she fired. You know the rest."

Sunday Closing Laws Are Strictly Enforced By New Orleans Police

New Orleans, January 21.—Grocery stores, cigar and tobacco shops and saloons were closed here today, following orders issued by police officials for a rigid enforcement of the state Sunday closing laws. Markets, green grocers and butcher shops as well as drug stores and soft drink stands were allowed to remain open. Tobacco counters, connected with drug stores or soda fountains, however, were closed and no goods were sold. Ten alleged violators of the laws were arrested during the day. All were released when bonds were furnished.

According to the police department heads, today's closing orders covered all requirements of the state laws. Never before, said the police officials, have the Sunday closing laws been so rigidly enforced here.

Announcement was made today that a second mass meeting would be held under the auspices of the Citizens' League of Louisiana next Tuesday night, at which time Sunday closing laws would be discussed and further reports on vice conditions in the city submitted by special investigators.

CITIZEN OF LINDALE IS GROUND TO DEATH UNDER TROLLEY CAR

Lindale, Ga., January 21.—(Special.) A. T. Brooks, aged 46 years, an employee of the Massachusetts mill, at this place, was ground to death last night shortly before midnight by a street car of the Rome Railway and Light company, on the Lindale line. The man was not seen lying on the tracks until the car was too near to be stopped. He is survived by a wife and nine children.

The burial will occur Monday morning in the Oakland cemetery, in North Rome.

EIGHT-HOUR MEASURE DEFENDED BY ADAMSON

Boston, January 21.—Belief that the supreme court, if it should declare the Adamson eight-hour law unconstitutional, would find it necessary also to declare unconstitutional similar legislation, such as the sixteen-hour law for railroad men and the thirteen-hour law for low-bait employees, was expressed in an address before the Boston Central Labor union today by Representative Adamson, of Georgia, father of the Adamson bill.

"If the bill regulating the shipment of goods interstate in violation of the child labor law is constitutional, then there will be nothing to prevent Congress from enacting a law to prevent interstate shipment of goods by men who have been forced to work more than eight hours," he continued. "We in Congress did not take sides in the fight that existed between the railroads and their employees, but we did step in to prevent the disrupting of interstate commerce by the impending strike, something we had a perfect right to do."

BANKER CONVICTED, WOMAN WILL PRESS CHARGE OF BIGAMY

Cashier Ragsdale Is Found
Guilty in the Tift County
Court of Embezzlement
From Omega Bank.

MISDEMEANOR SENTENCE RECOMMENDED BY JURY

"Wife No. 2" Shows Al-
leged Letters From Rags-
dale and Declares She Will
Prosecute.

Tifton, Ga., January 21.—(Special.)—The jury that for the last two days has heard the case of H. E. Ragsdale, former cashier of the Bank of Omega, charged with embezzlement of approximately \$10,000 while acting in that capacity, returned a verdict of guilty early this morning. The verdict contained a recommendation that he be sentenced as for a misdemeanor. Sentence probably will be passed by Judge E. W. Tompkins tomorrow. The case went to the jury late Saturday.

Mrs. Perry Burton, of Hot Springs, Ark., a witness for the state, who claims she was married to Ragsdale a year ago, left Tifton today, after declaring in an interview that it was her intention to sue Ragsdale for divorce, and bring a charge of bigamy against him. Ragsdale has a wife and child in Georgia.

Resenting the charge of Ragsdale, that she lied when she swore he had married her, Mrs. Anna Perry Burton has pledged herself to the mission of bringing to Ragsdale the humiliation and grief which she declares is her portion as the result of her alleged marriage to the former cashier.

"There is a law in Arkansas against bigamy. Georgia has the same law, and I intend to proceed immediately under the laws of my state for a divorce, and regardless of the outcome of his troubles here prosecute him for a crime against me and society, with particular reference to his first wife and dear little girl."

Woman Shows Letters.
In this manner did Mrs. Perry Burton express herself before leaving today for her home in Arkansas. No one who heard her talk can doubt for a moment the intensity of her indignation or her purpose as regards Ragsdale.

Mrs. Perry Burton carries with her letters which she declares were written to her by Ragsdale after the latter left her in St. Louis to go to Kansas City, at which point he was arrested. These letters were carefully gone over by officers of the Bankers' Trust company and they declared the writing to be Ragsdale's. One of these letters, written on the stationery of the Lounain hotel, Kansas City, reads as follows:

"I am at a loss to know just what you mean by being nearly crazy. If I had gone without saying goodbye you might have worried. I told you just what I thought and what I meant. I thought you would not worry. I have at last got a place that will about half-way keep you alive, if you have not made up your mind to leave me. I want to see you again. I would be tickled to death to have you come over here and share my luck. I admit the future does not look very bright, but if you can put up with it for a while I will do my best for you. If, however, you have made up your mind to go home I cannot help it. You should have more board coming to you since I have not been here. But my mind is made up. Write me at once. Lovingly, Cliff."

Under date of February 21, 1916, Ragsdale, or Burton, in "Wife No. 2" claims he then was known, wrote her, she claims, from Kansas City, requesting that his overcoat be sent him by parcel post, as he had no money for other purpose. Mrs. Burton at that time was living at 209 Floyd avenue, St. Louis.

Denies Ragsdale's Claim.
"Ragsdale left me with only five dollars when he skipped St. Louis. Now he says he never saw me. But, really, I'll make him pay for it. He also says I went to his home in Banks county last summer and asked for money. There is no word of truth in that statement. I took a detective with me to identify him, and the question of money was not mentioned. Later I did write him for \$1,000, because he had not paid me for the car. He refused to pay the hospital for a long time. I feel then and I feel now that \$1,000 was small compensation for the evil he wrought into my life."

The marriage certificate shown by Mrs. Perry Burton bears the date January 18, 1916, and is witnessed by Rev. O. O. Steele, of Hot Springs, Ark. The document carries the proper seal and record of filing.

"When Georgia gets through with Ragsdale, alias Burton, Arkansas wants him, and wants him bad," was the last declaration made by the angry Mrs. Burton as she boarded the train for Hot Springs, where she proposes to set the law's machinery in operation.

NUDE IN "MOVIES" COMES UNDER BAN OF NATIONAL BOARD

New York, January 21.—The nude in motion picture art has come under the ban of the National Board of Review, it was announced here tonight. All producing companies that are members of the national association have agreed, it was said, not to permit the production in their studios of photographs using such a figure. Action was taken after "widespread disapproval" of such pictures was disclosed by an investigation covering the entire country.

Danger of over-production of sex pictures also has been recognized by the board of review, it was announced.

GEORGIA TROOPS NOT INCLUDED IN THE 25,000 GUARDSMEN TO BE SENT HOME—CAROLINA TROOPS ARE IN THE LIST.

Washington, January 21.—More than 25,000 national guardsmen now on the Mexican border have been designated by Major General Punnett for return home and muster out of the federal service, under the order issued yesterday by the war department.

All these organizations will be started home as soon as transportation facilities can be provided. Their departure will leave between 4,500 and 50,000 men of the guard still in the federal service doing border patrol.

Guardsmen Named for Return.
The guardsmen designated for return and muster out include:

Louisiana: First battalion field artillery, with first squadron cavalry.

South Carolina: Troop A cavalry, company A engineers, field hospital company.

Tennessee: Ambulance company No. 1, field hospital No. 1.

Arkansas: First infantry.

North Carolina: First infantry.

Mexico: First infantry, under the later order are the two battalions of Delaware infantry, one battery District of Columbia field artillery; Third Illinois infantry and brigade headquarters; Second Indiana infantry, with ambulance company and brigade headquarters; Third Iowa infantry, with field hospital and ambulance companies and brigade headquarters; Fifth Maryland infantry, ambulance and field hospital companies of Massachusetts.

First Minnesota infantry and first field artillery; Fourth Missouri infantry, troop A, Montana cavalry; Fifth Nebraska infantry, with field hospital and signal corps; First New Hampshire infantry, Seventy-fourth New York infantry, with supply trains and ambulance company; Fourth and Fifth Ohio infantry, with first squadron cavalry and third brigade headquarters; Sixth and Eighth Pennsylvania infantry, with second field artillery; C company engineers, with headquarters of the Fourth Dakota infantry, second squadron Utah cavalry, Second Virginia infantry and second Wisconsin infantry.

Withdrawal of Pershing.
War department officials continue to withhold comment on reports indicating that the movement of General Pershing's regulars out of Mexico is under way, and the statement announcing the guardsmen designated for relief does not mention the regulars.

The withdrawal plans in any way. The understanding has been, however, that with the return of the expedition in force, the regulars of the border patrol all of the states would be withdrawn. The department's statement says:

"General Funston has selected these regulars for the purpose of relieving the troops longest in service on the border. To some extent, however, this rule will not be followed without equal weakening of the border guard and the departures from it are so explained. The total strength of the organization selected is 25,243."

LAND SHOW COMMITTEE IS READY TO REPORT

Executives Hold Session at the
Chamber Friday—Public
Meeting in Evening.

Postponed from last week a meeting of the executive committee of the Southeastern Land show management will be held in the assembly room of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce at 10 o'clock next Friday morning, to be followed at 8 o'clock in the evening by a general public meeting in the same hall, the purpose of which will be to add impetus to the enthusiasm in the city for the land show and to point to instruct the public upon just what the land show is to be and what it can be made to mean to the southeast.

At the executive committee meeting each officer of the land show organization will render a report of what has been done in his department. The committee of reports to lay before the committee a comprehensive presentation of the exact state of affairs. It will show that the big undertaking has been accomplished—that the land show is ready. And the report of the exhibits manager will show that not only the exhibits but the booth space contracted for, but that as early as last Saturday applications for space had come in from seven different sources, only to be filed, because they could not be granted. Only in the event of some other already contracted for space fall at the last moment to utilize what they bargained for can any of these tardy applications be filed.

Several men of prominence in Georgia and others of the southeastern states will deliver brief addresses at the public meeting Friday night. At this meeting, too, the committee on program will render a detailed report, reading the complete approved program for each day of the show, from February 1 to and including February 15. This program will be set out with great care and the tentative draft of it shows that there will be something to interest and educate the people. It will be educational while entertaining.

"Day" of the show definitely decided upon is to be "Fertilizer and Soil Improvement" day, February 6, which entire day will be devoted to scientific instruction in soil preparation and fertilization, and it will be a day of the most practical and practical interest and value to the southern farmer. Each local section, every character of soil and fertilizer known to the southeast will receive explicit, scientific attention and explanation.

There will be set lectures and informal addresses, illustrated by lantern slides and pictures emphasizing the results of intelligent fertilization as compared with haphazard and unscientific methods, and the economic features of scientific fertilization and soil treatment will be given prominence.

Among the speakers of the day will be Harry Hodgson, Athens, president of the Southern Fertilizer association; Dr. A. M. Soule, president of the Georgia State College of Agriculture; Professor J. N. Harper, director of the farm service department of the Southern Fertilizer association, and Professor C. F. Priddy, economist of the association, and others.

Bernhardt Tells of Playing For Soldiers at the Front

AT 71 SHE LOOKS LIKE WOMAN OF 40

Since the announcement of the Atlanta theater that Mme. Sarah Bernhardt is to play here, Atlanta has read much to the effect that "Sarah Bernhardt is the most wonderful woman in the world."

Having seen her and talked to her, I am willing to believe it.

Automatically, it is an impossibility to explore the manner of being of any woman—much less a Bernhardt—in a few moments of more or less trivial conversation. It is, therefore, safe to say that, considering the fact that she was probably tremendously more interested in a reporter who had never seen her before and never expected to see again, not to mention the further fact that my comprehension of French is woefully limited, I do not know a great deal more about Bernhardt than I did before.

Though my visit to her car was to me an interesting and most enjoyable experience, and I believe I caught a glimpse of the real Bernhardt.

The thing that impressed me most was this:

I have brought away with me an indelible picture of the everlasting youth and vivacity of Bernhardt. Now a woman who has seen seventy-one years, many of them fraught with misfortune, can carry with her still the undimmed dream and the undying interest of seventeen, the energy, independence and thoroughly balanced perspective of thirty, is a marvel surpassing anything I have ever seen.

But what you—especially you women—

en—will likely want to know is, Does Sarah Bernhardt look old? That is a rather frank question, but here is your answer.

I have seen women who looked fifty at thirty, but never before have I seen a woman who looked forty at seventy-one. It is unbelievable.

I asked her the secret of this wonderful youth and enthusiasm of hers. It is most interesting, and the formula would doubtless prove invaluable to every woman, for where is one who lives not in dread of that day when her accusing mirror shall say to her, "My dear, you are getting old."

I would like to be able to supply this formula, but do not know yet whether Mme. Bernhardt answered this question or not.

When Mrs. Ormsby, her secretary and interpreter, repeated my question to her she simply smiled.

You may draw your own conclusions as to whether or not that was an answer or a refusal to answer.

If it was a refusal, it was the only question which Mme. Bernhardt declined to answer.

But, even though Mme. Bernhardt's charming willingness to answer all questions, my interview with her can not be called a towering success. It was not unaccompanied by a certain constraint, due largely to the fact that I knew I would ask the same questions which scores of other interviewers have asked, and to the fact that Mme. Bernhardt knew she was to answer once more the same questions which she had scores of times answered.

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PROBE OF HOTELS ORDERED BY MAYO

Recorder George E. Johnson is to have his first opportunity since the recent rooming house investigation was begun by the police to pass judgment upon an alleged illegally operated rooming house this afternoon, when cases of disorderly conduct are called in police court against Mrs. J. L. Price, aged 35, of 112 Spring street.

Also against Mrs. B. N. Chaney, aged 25, of 25 Luckie street, Apartment 7-A, and against G. F. Rosenfeld, aged 27, a taxi driver. The cases were ordered made by Night Chief of Police E. L. Jett following an investigation of an alleged fight over a taxi bill between three men and a taxi driver at the Spring street apartment.

The police arrested the taxi driver on assertions that he had carried the three men to an apartment when they asked to be taken to a disorderly house. Mrs. Price denied the charges, but was charged with being a party to the fight.

Developments came thick and fast Sunday in the pending police investigation of the "vice" evil.

Police Chief Mayo declared that many Atlanta hotels would be included in the proposed investigation.

He also removed from his special detail in charge of the investigation the officer in charge, Officer "Dab" Thornton, exonerating the officer of criticism by declaring that he was not being removed because of any complaint lodged against him.

He also stated he had asked City Attorney J. L. Mayson's opinion on when boarding and rooming house permits expired, and said that in case the time was January 1, he would insist upon every such house making new application at once.

Will Investigate Hotels.
"I want the hotels included in the investigation," said Chief Mayo. "I am going ahead with the investigation of rooming and boarding houses, some of which are alleged to be operating illegally. Where I get a number of complaints against a hotel, I expect to report it to the police board, and have its permit to operate revoked."

Quite a sensation was created in vice circles when Officer "Dab" Thornton was removed from in charge of Chief Mayo's "vice detail" Sunday.

On the other hand, Police Chief Mayo, when asked by a Cultivation reporter for the cause of Thornton's unexpected removal from his special investigating detail, said:

"Officer Thornton is not being removed because of any complaints lodged against him. He is being put back on his horse because his sore leg is now getting better, and he will be able to ride horseback. Officer Whitely, who formerly worked on the detail and has been riding Officer Thornton's horse, will be put back on the detail with Officer Powers. These two men will continue the investigation into the rooming houses and hotels."

Chief Mayo stated further that he had asked City Attorney Mayson for his opinion as to when the yearly permits to boarding and rooming houses expired.

"It is my opinion," said the chief, "that all rooming and boarding house permits expire the first of the year. If this is so I am going to insist upon all rooming and boarding houses making new applications at once. Every application will be investigated."

BRITISH DEFEAT TURKISH FORCES ON TIGRIS RIVER

Near Kut-el-Amara Turks
Are Driven From Positions
on Front of 2,500 Yards to
Depth of 1,100 Yards.

RIGHT BANK OF TIGRIS
CLEARED OF THE TURKS

Hand-to-Hand Fighting
Preceded Capture of Nan-
esti on Sereth River by the
Germans—Russian Losses
Are Reported Heavy.

New York, January 21.—(By Associated Press. From European Cables of the Day).—The British and Turks in Mesopotamia have been engaged in vigorous fighting along the Tigris river in the vicinity of Kut-el-Amara. Both the London and Constantinople war offices make claims to successes for their troops. The British official communication announces that north-east of Kut the British troops have driven the Turks from a small strip of land they were holding on the right bank of the Tigris and that King George's men are now in control of an entire trench section on a front of 2,500 yards to a depth of 1,100 yards. It adds that the right bank of the river also has been cleared of Turks down stream from Kut-el-Amara and that southwest of the town further progress has been made.

Constantinople says east of Kut-el-Amara the British launched three attacks against the Ottoman positions, but that none of them was successful, and that the attackers suffered heavy casualties.

HARD FIGHTING
ON THE SERETH.

In the capture of Nanesti, on the Sereth river in Rumania, hard fighting of a hand-to-hand character took place in the streets. In withdrawing from the village German batteries raked the Russians as they made their way across the bridges over the Sereth, inflicting heavy losses on them. With the fall of the bridges, the men and one officer were captured by the Germans.

On the other battle front only minor successes have been reported. The big guns are everywhere active. On the line in France near Loos the British in a daylight raid blew up German dugouts, causing many casualties among the occupants. The artillery duels have again become violent in the Verdun sector.

BRITISH FORCES
CLEARING TURKS
FROM THE TIGRIS

London, January 21.—The war office communication issued tonight concerning the operations in Mesopotamia says:

"The enemy has been expelled from a small strip on the right bank of the Tigris in the bend of the river northeast of Kut-el-Amara. The whole trench system on a front of 2,500 yards to a depth of 1,100 yards now is in our possession and the right bank of the river from Kut-el-Amara down stream has been cleared of the enemy. Further progress has been made against the enemy's trenches on the right bank southwest of Kut-el-Amara."

Berlin, January 21.—(By Wireless.) Renewed attacks by the British east of Kut-el-Amara, on the Tigris, have been repulsed, Turkish army headquarters announced in its statement of January 19. Heavy losses were sustained by the British in these operations and in an attack by Turkish cavalry on a British cavalry brigade on this front. The statement reads:

"East of Kut-el-Amara the enemy, after several hours' artillery preparation, delivered three attacks against a portion of our position. All these attacks were without success and the enemy suffered heavy losses."

"Troops of our volunteer cavalry attacked a brigade of hostile cavalry on the march. The enemy's losses were heavy. Our volunteer cavalrymen, in addition, captured three hostile machine guns and shot down one British airplane, the wrecked machine remaining in our hands."

"On the right wing on the Caucasus front we repulsed attacks undertaken by a hostile company against our outposts."

INVADERS DRIVE
RUSSIAN FORCES
ACROSS SERETH

Berlin, January 21.—(By Wireless.) The entire bridgehead position at Nanesti, on the Sereth line, in northern Rumania, has been captured by the invaders.

Weather Prophecy
RAIN.

Washington—Forecast:
Georgia—Rain, followed by clearing and much colder Monday; Tuesday, fair and decidedly colder, with a cold wave.

South Carolina—Rain, followed by clearing and much colder Monday; Tuesday, fair and decidedly colder, with a cold wave.

Alabama—Mississippi—Clearing and much colder Monday; Tuesday, fair and decidedly colder, with a cold wave.

Florida—Low clouds, rain Monday, much colder by Monday night; Tuesday, cold wave in northwest portion; Tuesday, fair and cold.

Kentucky—Tennessee—Clearing and much colder, with a cold wave Monday; northwestern gales; Tuesday, fair and continued cold.

China Goddess of Mercy
Model for Style Known
As "Debutante Slouch"

New York, January 21.—A stone image of Kwan-Yin, Chinese goddess of mercy, has been purchased from Paul Poiret, of Paris, by a firm of Fifth avenue art dealers for a sum said to have been close to \$200,000. It was learned tonight. Poiret has declared the image was his original model for the style, known in this country as "the debutante slouch." The image is seven feet tall and weighs more than a ton.

Rumania, fell into Field Marshal von Mackensen's hands with the town, capture of which was reported yesterday, the war office announced today. The Russians suffered severe losses in retreating across the Sereth bridges, and 556 prisoners were taken. An attempted attack by the Russians in the Putna valley, on the western Moldavian front, was broken up and minor attacks elsewhere along this line were repulsed.

"Front of Archduke Joseph: In the eastern Carpathians a hostile attack on the Putna valley road that had been planned was hindered in its development by our efficient artillery fire. Minor advances by the Russians were repulsed.

"Front of Field Marshal von Mackensen: Together with Nanceti, on January 19, the entire bridgehead there, still tenaciously defended by the Russians, fell into our hands. Pomorians, Altmarians and West Prussians stormed several hostile lines which had strongly entrenched points of support. The town itself was taken in a violent struggle from house to house. The outflanking batteries and machine guns and suffered severe losses. One officer, 556 men, two machine guns and four mine throwers fell into our hands."

GENERALLY QUIET, RUSSIANS REPORT.

Petrograd, January 21.—(Via London.)

British Admiralty Per Wireless.) Conditions along the Rumanian front were generally quiet yesterday, according to today's war office statement. The only developments reported being successful reconnoitering operations by Russian and Rumanian scouts.

ARTILLERY ACTIONS FEATURE FIGHTING ON WESTERN FRONT

Paris, January 21.—With the exception of an attempted attack by the Germans on a French trench in the Oise region, which was easily repulsed, and artillery and patrol activities of a minor nature in the Verdun region, last night passed in quiet along the French front, the war office announced this afternoon. The statement reads:

"In the region of Lassigny a tentative German attempt upon one of our trenches in the direction of Canny-Sur-Matz (Oise region) was easily repulsed. The enemy left prisoners in our hands. On the right bank of the Meuse there was intermittent activity by the

artillery on both sides, with patrol engagements in the Cambrésis wood. The night was calm on the remainder of the front."

The bulletin issued by the war office tonight reads: "North of the Somme our batteries took under their fire and dispersed enemy troops on the march in the region of Mont St. Quentin."

"On the right bank of the Meuse the artillery were very active in the sectors of Vacherauville and Chambray, and the Cambrésis wood. North of Ban de Sapt, after a spirited bombardment, we carried out a surprise attack on the German line in the direction of Senones."

Belgian Communication: "There was artillery fighting in the direction of Dixmude and on the Steenstraete-Riet Sas front."

London, January 21.—The report from British headquarters in France issued tonight reads: "A successful daylight raid was made this morning against enemy trenches southeast of Loos. Dugouts full of German soldiers were destroyed. Many casualties were inflicted on the enemy at small cost to ourselves. We secured some of the experience of the last night of Neuve Chapelle."

"We also entered the enemy's lines last night. The artillery was active at intervals during the day in the neighborhood of the village of Senones and in the Trepres sector. We effectively bombarded the enemy positions in the direction of Gommecourt, Arras and Arras-les-Bains."

Berlin, January 21.—(Via Wireless.) The German official statement regarding operations on the western front says:

"Western Front: Aside from locally livelier artillery duels and successful patrol enterprises on our part, the day passed without important events."

GERMAN POSITIONS BADLY DAMAGED BY RUSSIAN FIRE

Petrograd, January 21.—(By Wireless.) The Russian war office today issued the following: "Western Front: In the direction of Koeval, in the positions that have been west of Velik, we made two artillery attacks on some sectors of the enemy's positions. At various points the enemy's wire entanglements were damaged and many successful hits were observed. In one instance an explosion occurred."

"The enemy was bombarded with heavy artillery from our position north of Bolchovo, on the Narayuvka river, and slightly damaged our trenches. The Russian war office today issued the following: "South of Stanislaw our scouts attacked a reconnoitering party in the region of the village of Radovoz and after a hand-to-hand struggle a number of Austrians were bayoneted and others made prisoners."

"On the rest of the front there was an exchange of fire. The situation is unchanged."

Berlin, January 21.—(Via Wireless.) The German official communication regarding operations on the Russo-Galician front reads:

"Eastern Front: Front of Prince Leopold, East of Baranovitch, German raiding detachments entered Russian trenches and brought back seventeen prisoners."

SUCCESSFUL RAID IN BEND OF CERNA BY GERMAN PATROL

Berlin, January 21.—(Via Wireless.) The German war office tonight issued the following: "Macedonian Front: In the bend of the Cerna, east of Paralovo, a German reconnoitering detachment successfully carried out an enterprise."

ARTILLERY ACTIVE ON ITALIAN FRONT; INFANTRY IS QUIET

Rome, January 21.—(Via London.) British Admiralty Per Wireless Press.) Only routine activities along the Austro-Italian front are reported in today's bulletin.

"The Italian loss to the government in that connection has been important, it says, and adds: "The situation has been made clear, however, is the failure of the companies manufacturing projectiles with no spur of competition. The drive to keep pace with the improvements in the quality of the projectiles and the fact that the British concern previously had been instrumental in compelling a reduction in price for projectiles for this government."

"Failure of American Companies. The financial loss to the government in that connection has been important, it says, and adds: "The situation has been made clear, however, is the failure of the companies manufacturing projectiles with no spur of competition. The drive to keep pace with the improvements in the quality of the projectiles and the fact that the British concern previously had been instrumental in compelling a reduction in price for projectiles for this government."

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today's war office statement, which reads: "Between the Sarca and the Adige there were artillery duels and enemy troops were engaged in the region of the Trentino front and on the Julian front there was the usual trench warfare and artillery activity. In the Flavia district and on the Carso our patrols encountered reconnoitering parties."

BRITISH SHELL MAKERS TO PROVIDE U. S. NAVY

Daniels Defends Award to Hadfields and Criticizes American Manufacturers.

Washington, January 21.—Secretary Daniels issued a statement this morning explaining his action in awarding to Hadfields, Limited, a British munitions factory, a contract for the manufacture of armor-piercing projectiles at a price of about \$200 each below the lowest American bid. The statement is in reply to published comment upon the contract which Mr. Daniels says, "convinced me that a similar award to the experience of the department in obtaining shells equal in quality to those used by our navy at a reasonable price is necessary to enable the public to understand what has been going on."

Referring to a report in the American trade journals that the British government had urged Hadfields to make this contract for the purpose of creating a panic in the American steel market and a resultant reduction in the price of armor-piercing shells, the secretary says that "it is patent absurdity, as such an order would have no effect upon the market for armor-piercing shells."

Admission by the Bethlehem Steel company, which has been filling the papers with advertisements criticizing the department, "admitted in one of these publications that it had been asked to make satisfactory shells on a contract awarded two years ago."

Mr. Daniels says the Bethlehem Steel company, which has been filling the papers with advertisements criticizing the department, "admitted in one of these publications that it had been asked to make satisfactory shells on a contract awarded two years ago."

"Until it is able to fill its contracts," he adds, "it does not become the Bethlehem company to criticize the department. The department is not interested in the competition which can make shells that meet the tests."

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ANSWER OF THE ENTENTE DENOUNCED BY TURKEY

In Note to Neutrals It Is Charged Allies Are Fighting for Territory.

Berlin, January 21.—(By Wireless.)—A summary of the note handed by the Turkish government to neutrals in relation to the entente answer to the peace proposals of the central powers was given out today by the Overseas News agency as follows:

"This note points out that the central powers, especially Turkey, not desiring entente territory, had no reason whatever to begin the war. The entente answer to the peace proposals of the central powers was given out today by the Overseas News agency as follows:

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Tribute Paid Americans Who Have Been Killed Fighting for France

Paris, January 21.—The National theater, the Comedie Francaise, today honored the memory of American volunteers who have died for France. A delegation from the Lafayette squadron, composed of American aviators, headed by Lieutenant William Thaw, Adjutant Raoul Lufbery and four American volunteers who have been killed, were present at the ceremony.

The ceremony was presided over by the director of the American field ambulance service, Ambassador Sharp. Poincaré was represented.

Mr. Sharp was undersecretary for war, who was delegated by the government to deliver an address, paid tribute to the Americans who have lost their lives, including Corporal Victor Chapman, Sergeant Norman Prince, Alvin Seeger, Kenneth Weeks and others.

He said the sacrifice made by the American volunteers was evidence of the fraternal feeling throughout history had never failed to unite the two republics for liberty. It would be against the nature of things if the United States did not bring to the sacred cause of humanity its tribute of effort and courage. He added that it would be to the eternal honor of France to see that those who have not forgotten the French revolution gave the rights of man, have aided in procuring a declaration of the rights of peoples.

M. Silvain, dean of the Comedie Francaise, and Madame Second-Weber, the tragedienne, who had an American flag draped about her, read poems written by Alan Seeger, the Harvard student who was killed last summer during the Somme offensive.

After the ceremony, the American volunteers were taken to the American field ambulance service, where they were given a tour of the service.

AFTER-WAR PROBLEMS OF FRENCH INDUSTRIES

New York, January 21.—The American Industrial Commission to France made public today the first installment of a report it is to submit to the American Manufacturers' Export association, dealing with the condition which probably will confront the industries of France at the close of the war.

The American industrial commission was invited to France by the French trade commission which visited the United States in 1915. The report said in part:

"It is likely that the reconstruction and new building ready to be undertaken. According to the battle front, more than 400 factories have been destroyed and within the invaded region it is said that 1,000,000 have been denuded of machinery, tools, raw materials, building equipment and everything of value."

"Since the war a number of companies in the north, unable to operate their plants, have started new plants in other sections of France, frequently so located that they will ultimately benefit from the exceptionally favorable water power in the Vosges and the Alpine regions."

"It is likely that an industrial survey will be made to locate the plants where they can operate at the best advantage. 'New plants, up-to-date in every particular, are arising in sections in which industry has been heretofore hardly found.'"

"We often heard the hope expressed that after the war—American manufacturers and American capital would co-operate with French interests and erect new plants in France. It is disclosed here a large field for American enterprise which we think is well worthy of study."

"France and America are not likely to be serious competitors in the same market because their strength lies in different directions."

GERMAN BAN ON IMPORTS STIRRING SWITZERLAND

Berne, January 21.—(Via Paris.)—The German measure prohibiting all imports, except those which are necessary for the maintenance of life, has been met with considerable excitement throughout Switzerland. The government will make reconstructions to Berlin, as the entire economic situation of the country is affected by this species of blockade.

A Berlin dispatch by way of London January 17 said the bündesrat had adopted a measure prohibiting the importation of all commodities except by permission of the imperial chancery. The purpose of the dispatch said, was to restrict imports to indispensable commodities, thus reducing the unfavorable trade balance and preventing a further rise in exchange rates.

CRUDE BOMB IS FOUND NEAR SUBWAY STATION

New York, January 21.—A crude bomb was found today under the stairs leading to the Manhattan street Elevated station of the subway. The fuse was burning when Francis Jones, a subway porter, saw it.

He quickly threw on the bomb a pail of water, then in his haste to escape, fell down the stairs. He was injured so severely he had to be taken to hospital, and the bomb was taken to the combustibles bureau by the police.

FATHER OF AUTOMOBILE HAS PASSED IN FRANCE

Paris, January 21.—Amedee Bollee, Sr., the inventor, known in France as "the father of automobiles," is dead. Mr. Bollee was the builder of a steam car which he first operated in 1873.

Bethlehem's Bid on Shells for the United States Navy

To the American People: The Secretary of the Navy has awarded contracts amounting to over \$3,000,000 to a British bidder for 14 and 16-inch projectiles for the Navy, for the reason that the British firm offered prices very much below those of American manufacturers, including ourselves.

We know nothing of the basis upon which the British bids were made, but the public is entitled to know the facts upon which we ourselves bid for this work.

Two years ago we took contracts to make 4,200 14-inch shells at a price of \$1,515,000 (with heavy penalties for delayed delivery). Despite the fact that all our experience and facilities have been strained to fulfill these contracts, up to now not a single shell has been accepted by the Government, although, on the work already done

We have expended in wages, materials, etc. \$447,881
Expended in making tests for the Government 75,000
Making our total actual expenditure up to date \$522,881

And we have not received a SINGLE DOLLAR on these contracts

In addition for the enforcement of the contract might involve payment of penalties for delayed delivery already amounting to \$675,016.

Navy Department tests are now so severe that neither we nor, so far as we know, any other manufacturers have yet been able to produce in quantity 14-inch shells which will meet them.

In the light of our experience, and having no other basis, we bid for 16-inch shells approximately the same rate per pound as that upon which the Navy Department actually awarded a 14-inch shell contract one year ago.

CHAS. M. SCHWAB, Chairman
EUGENE G. GRACE, President

\$150,000,000 NEEDED FOR BELGIAN RELIEF

Chairman Hoover Says 11,000,000 Persons Are Dependent on Americans.

New York, January 21.—The American commission for relief of Belgium is preparing for at least another year's work and the necessity of raising approximately \$150,000,000 more will be discussed by the officers of the commission here this week, according to Herbert C. Hoover, chairman, who arrived here today on the steamship Philadelphia from Liverpool.

Mr. Hoover said that he would remain in the United States about a week and his sole mission was to take up with his colleagues questions pertaining to the work of the organization. He declined to discuss the deportation of Belgians by the Germans. But added that there now are approximately 11,000,000 persons in Belgium and northern France dependent upon the commission.

Just what plans he has in mind to present to his colleagues, Mr. Hoover would not say, but he expressed himself as being optimistic that some means would be found whereby the work of the commission would not suffer through a lessening of the interest of America and other neutrals in the work.

The Right Hon. Sir Gilbert Parker, Bart., M. P., who has used his literary talents since the war to help the cause of the entente allies, also arrived from the Philadelphia. Sir Gilbert said that he would take a vacation in the United States about ten weeks.

FOR BLACKMAIL PLOT CUNNINGHAM IS HELD

Philadelphia, January 21.—John H. Cunningham, alias Adams, alleged member of an organized band of blackmailers said to have preyed on wealthy men and women throughout the country by threatening them with prosecution for the Mann white slave act, and posing as secret service men, was arrested here late last night on a charge of attempting to extort \$50,000 from William T. Hopper, of this city. A federal agent identified Cunningham as the man who wrote a letter to the blackmailing of a prominent Baltimore woman out of \$35,000 two years ago.

According to the local authorities Cunningham is a member of the band of which William H. Butler, of this city, was the reputed leader. Butler is serving an 18 months' sentence in the federal prison at Atlanta.

RUSSIA TO DEVELOP HER DAIRY INDUSTRY

New York, January 21.—Purchase in the United States of refrigerating equipment to the value of \$300,000 to conserve and develop along economic lines the Russian dairy industry, the Russian American Conservation and Industrial Association, backed by the Russian government, according to J. H. Gullak, of Moscow, who arrived here today on the steamship Bergen-Jord from Bergen.

"As an indication of the need of such development," Mr. Gullak said, "butter now is selling in Moscow for three rubles and 80 kopeks a pound, while in the same market the butter is being used to make soap."

LIFE COMPANIES TURN TO REAL ESTATE LOANS

New York, January 21.—Real estate mortgage loans on farm and city property have supplanted railroad bonds as the largest single class of investments held by life insurance companies, according to a report made public here tonight by the Association of Life Insurance Presidents.

The report shows that in the ten-year period from 1904 to 1914 real estate mortgage loans increased from 27.5 per cent of the assets of American companies to 34.6 per cent. Railroad bonds have decreased from 30.16 per cent of the life insurance assets in 1904 to 25 per cent in 1914. In actual amount, however, the holdings of life insurance companies in railroad bonds increased during the decade from \$750,000,000 to \$1,250,000,000—or 67.32 per cent.

CHOLERA AND TYPHUS FATAL TO PHYSICIANS

New York, January 21.—Cholera and typhus have claimed so many victims among the physicians who have been fighting these scourges in Palestine that some of the villages have lost their last medical men and in the cities few physicians remain to cope with the epidemic, according to a statement here tonight by Hadassah, the women's Zionist organization in America.

GREAT HOLE TORN IN EAST LONDON

By Explosion in Munitions
Factory—Destruction Ab-
solute Over Six Acres.
About 300 Killed.

London, January 22.—Throughout Sunday thousands of persons flocked to East London, hoping to satisfy their curiosity as to the effect of Friday's explosion in the munitions factory there. None of them, however, was able to obtain a near view of the scene owing to rigid police regulations and could only wander through the outlying streets where most of the windows were shattered by the concussion.

The newspaper reporters who were allowed to approach nearer the scene describe what was formerly the site of the explosive store as a hole a hundred yards across and eighty feet deep with masses of earth, iron and all sorts of wreckage covering an area of about six acres around the hole. Within that area the destruction was absolute.

Death Toll Not Over 300.
"For two days," says the Daily Mail's reporter, "soldiers have been digging in and turning over the wreckage in search of bodies. About a hundred have been recovered, but there are still more. It seems almost impossible to remove the thousands of tons of earth, stone, iron and wood under which they are buried. On the whole, however, one is struck far more by the number of people who escaped than by the number killed. . . . Judging from the fact that most of the factories were nearly empty and from the known proportion of casualties in certain houses, it does not appear that the death toll will exceed 300."

"It would have been much greater had the explosion occurred later, when the people had gone to bed, for then they would have been blown away with the upper stories of the houses where, as being mostly on the ground floors, they had a better chance to escape."

The papers print columns of individual stories, pathetic incidents and the freak effects common with all explosions, such as a rickety cottage escaping, even to its windows, while adjacent substantial buildings were razed; of people nearly escaping unhurt, or with only slight injuries, while others at a distance were killed.

The destruction of the gas tank is described as having afforded an amazing spectacle. The tank did not explode, but its top was lifted off like a box lid and the eight million cubic feet of illuminating gas which it contained ignited a column of flame rose to a height estimated at two miles, burned for a few seconds and then went out with the suddenness of the switching off of an electric light. Several

other gas tanks nearby are still intact.

Dr. Angell Sacrificed Self.
Tribute is paid in all the reports of the explosion to the heroism of the chief chemist, Dr. Angell, whose self-sacrifice was briefly mentioned in the official communication. All the reports seem to show that Dr. Angell had a good chance to escape, but waited to see that all the operatives were out and then returned to help fight the fire.

The assistant chemist was caught by the explosion when within two hundred yards of it. He had implored Dr. Angell to flee with him, but Dr. Angell, he says, replied: "The firemen are here and I must go help them." He perished back with Dr. Angell. The fire, which was operating the local fire apparatus, was a science scholar in Oxford university and lecturer on science in the two Oxford colleges.

Shortly after the war began Dr. Angell resigned his university appointment and undertook the superintendency of the manufacture of chemicals for the government. He lived inside the factory, taking only very occasional absences. His wife last year was appointed superintendent of the factory, taking only very occasional absences. His wife last year was appointed superintendent of the factory, taking only very occasional absences.

**DR. W. B. BURROUGHS,
NOTED HISTORIAN,
DIES AT BRUNSWICK**

Brunswick, Ga., January 21.—(Special.)—Dr. William Berrien Burroughs, one of Brunswick's oldest and best known citizens and one of the most prominent Confederate veterans and historians in the south, died at his home in this city late this afternoon after an illness of several months.

Dr. Burroughs was very low several weeks ago and his death was more or less expected for three or four days, but a turn for the better came and he had been improving. Today, however, there came another change, and attending physicians realized that the end was near.

Dr. Burroughs was a member of one of the south's best known families. He was born in Savannah, April 7, 1842, and resided in this city until the outbreak of the civil war. He went through the entire war as member of a Georgia company, and after that conflict settled in Camden county, removing to Brunswick in the seventies, and has since made his home here.

Dr. Burroughs was a historian of note and probably had the best collection of war relics of any man in the south. He had old documents and records which he purchased at high prices. He was also one of the leaders of the Confederate Veterans' association and had not missed but one general reunion of that organization. He was a member of the Society of Colonial Wars, historians of the United States of the American Revolution and occupied other similar positions in various organizations.

Dr. Burroughs is survived by six children, L. H. & M. H. Burroughs, Jr., of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. C. W. Deming, of Tulsa, Okla.; Mrs. Clyde A. Taylor and Miss Lila Burroughs, of this city. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

COL. BISHOP NEARLY DEAD WHEN RESCUERS CAME

Army Aviator Found in Sonora
Desert—He Was Almost
Speechless.

Wellton, Ariz., January 21.—Lieutenant Colonel Harry G. Bishop, second of the army aviators to be rescued from the Sonora desert, who was brought here today by an army ambulance, was found by the Gila mountains, sixty miles south of Wellton, will recover unless complications set in according to Surgeon Major Orville G. Brown, commander of the government's relief expedition.

Bishop was taken to Yuma, Ariz., and placed in a hospital. Lieutenant W. A. Robertson, who followed an attempted airplane flight from San Diego to Calexico, Cal., January 10, a nine day search for Bishop, a Mexican American aviator and hundreds of civilians, American aviators and troops, a party of searchers and directed them to where Bishop had fallen exhausted on January 17. Bishop's condition was such it was impossible for him to detail his experiences.

Winn Probstel, who was the first of the searchers to find Colonel Bishop, gave a detailed story he told today of the finding of the officer.

"I found Colonel Bishop about seven o'clock Thursday evening," he said. "He was half sitting, half reclining under a bush in an arroyo, wet to the bone, and almost speechless. The first thing he did was to ask me who I was and what I was doing out there. Then he asked me to take him to the nearest place where he could get help."

Colonel Bishop had spread his coat in a depression to catch rain water. He had been flying for three days, and had left him last Wednesday morning to press on for help he had no more food or water. He had been extinguished by heavy rains. He felt sure, he said, that Robertson would find him.

Probstel said that he and his companion built a fire on each side of the rescued man, wrapped him in blankets and gave him nourishment.

**REV. FRANK WRIGHT
TO HOLD SERVICES
AT CENTRAL CHURCH**

A series of evangelistic services to continue throughout the week were begun last night at the Central Presbyterian church, of which the Rev. D. B. Ogden is pastor. The preaching will be by the Rev. Frank Wright, the noted evangelist and pastor of the First Baptist church of New York. The services will be held at 7:45 each day during the week.

Mr. Wright preached last night to a large and appreciative congregation on "The Evidence of Man's Being a Christian."

MORTUARY

Mrs. J. A. Smith.
Mrs. J. A. Smith, 58 years, died Sunday morning at 6 o'clock in East Point. The deceased was married to a husband, two daughters and two sons, Mrs. R. L. Vining, Mrs. W. T. Morrow, J. W. and L. J. Smith, also her mother, Mrs. Sarah Ferrell, of Madison, Ga. The body will be sent at 8:50 o'clock this morning to Madison.

B. F. Stivey.
B. F. Stivey, 66 years old, of 193 Confederate avenue, died at a private hospital at 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon. He is survived by his wife, three daughters, Mrs. W. F. J. W., O. H., M. D., M. S. and J. B. Stivey, and three daughters, Mrs. M. S. Campbell, Mrs. C. N. Ferguson and Mrs. W. W. Rutledge. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

C. T. Parker.
C. T. Parker, 83 years old, died at the residence, 555 Chestnut street, at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon. He is survived by his wife, three daughters, Mrs. Mamie B. Clark, Mrs. Mary Bathe and Mrs. Howard Arnold, and four sons, D. P. C. W., E. W. and N. Parker. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Mrs. Mary F. Wolfe.
Mrs. Mary F. Wolfe, 70 years old, died at a private hospital yesterday afternoon. Her home was in Carterville, Ga. The body was removed to Greenberg & Bond's chapel. The deceased is survived by a nephew and niece, Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Dixon, of 68 Oakhurst street.

Miss Mamie Smith.
Miss Mamie Smith, 59 years old, died at a private hospital at 11 o'clock Sunday morning. She is survived by two brothers, J. Allen and A. M. Smith. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole, and later carried to Abbeville, S. C.

Frank McClelland.
Frank McClelland, 36 years old, died at the residence, 452 Whitehall street, at 8 o'clock Sunday morning. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Alice McClelland; his wife, and three children. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole, and later carried to Wilmington, Del.

Mrs. L. F. Hutcheson.
Mrs. L. F. Hutcheson, 36 years, died at her home at Riverdale, Ga., Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. She is survived by a husband, two daughters, four brothers and five sisters, and father, J. W. Creel.

PROSPEROUS YEAR IN PAINT BUSINESS, STATES J. H. GAY

J. H. Gay, president of the Dozier & Gay Paint Co., has been in Atlanta since Wednesday looking over the reports of their business here for the past year, and planning with T. B. Higginbotham, their resident manager, the work for 1917.

The results of the year 1916 have been most satisfactory and show a gratifying increase over the sales of previous years, and it is firmly believed that 1917 will show results fully as satisfactory.

"Good paint, good service and good salesmen," said Mr. Gay, "that accounts for our success heretofore and they will be better than ever this year."

Mr. Gay gave a dinner to the employees of the firm here at the Ansley Saturday night which was a most pleasant occasion, marked by the pull-together spirit manifested by all present.

C. S. Upson, one of the best posted paint salesmen in the city, who has been working the city trade for several years, is now with the Dozier & Gay Paint Co., as city salesman, and has started out well with them. Mr. Upson has many friends in the paint trade here, all of whom are much interested in his success.

**ALABAMIANS PROSPER
DESPITE BOLL WEEVIL**

Thomasville, Ga., January 22.—(Special.)—Enthusiastic over the conditions they found and believing that the boll weevil will bring a blessing instead of a curse on the country, R. R. Chastain and J. B. Moore have returned from the boll weevil section of Alabama, where they went as a committee from the Farmers' Union Warehouse company, of Thomas county, to investigate matters at first hand. With the fine prices obtained for peanuts, velvet beans, corn and other products, with mills for making peanut oil and grinding up the meal for stock food and the many diversified crops the farmers are planting and realizing good money for, they have ceased to feel dependent upon cotton and although they have had the boll weevil for three years the people of the section visited are in a prosperous condition.

The favorable report made by this committee assures the erection of an oil mill here in connection with the farmers' warehouse plant, for grinding peanuts, velvet beans, etc.

Atlanta Girl Finds Vampire as Popular In Life as on Film

Posing as Theda Bara, Mae Reed, of Atlanta, Is Wined and Dined, Danced and Feted by Savannah Admirers.

That vampires are as much admired and as much sought after in real life, as on screen or stage, is now the opinion of Miss Mae Reed. Playing the role of Theda Bara she says she was wined and dined, danced and feted in Savannah, and for all Savannah knows the real "Theda" has been the city's guest.

She had just reached Savannah on boat from New York, and, en route home, stopped over at the Savannah hotel. The first night of her visit she was seen in company with Pauline Frederick and other screen performers at a theater party.

Because of the Atlanta girl's likeness to the illustrious screen vampire, word went abroad that Theda Bara was in town. The following morning someone stepped to her side and asked Mae Reed:

"Aren't you Theda Bara?"

Just a little "Yes."

She would have been the larksome girl she is if she hadn't answered on the spur of impulse:

"Yes!"

That "Yes" stirred up more mischief than any "yes" or "no" she ever gave, for, from the moment of its utterance until she later fled the city to escape the fearful pleas of marriage from admirers, as Theda Bara she was the toast of the town.

Friends of Miss Reed, when they discovered that Savannah had accepted her as the eminent screen siren, refused to let her enlighten the town. The telephone in the Atlanta girl's

suite buzzed with constant invitations to fetes proposed in her honor. The mail brought requests; messengers trekked through the lobby bearing flowers and gifts from unknown admirers. For three days and nights the supposed vampire was entertained at dances in her honor and theater parties.

Wanted Instructions.
Would-be adventuresses appealed to the bogus beguiler to teach the tricks of her trade. Blase reporters scoffed at the perils of vampirism. Three days of this proved enough for Mae Reed. Callow youths who proposed to her in tears melted her responsive heart. There was no vampire in her emotional construction. She could stand no more than three days.

Suddenly packing luggage for departure, she found admirers keeping vigil over her movements. They pursued her even on the train she boarded for Atlanta. They pressed their respective suits, but she soon put an end to their devotion with the revelation that she was not Theda Bara.

Her pursuers disembarked at Macon, disillusioned, as is the case with most persuaders of vampires.

Sunday Miss Mae Reed was recuperating from the experience in her rooms at the Imperial hotel, where she has been living for several months. So far as she knows, Savannah is none the wiser, for she is sure that the only two to whom she disclosed her true identity will never tell their home town how they learned the secret.

**QUANTITY OF CANE BEER
UNEARTHED IN THOMAS**

Thomasville, Ga., January 21.—(Special.)—Forty barrels of cane beer were unearthed in a raid made in the northern part of Thomas county yesterday by Revenue Officer Bergenstrom, Sheriff Rheeberg and several deputies.

It had been reported that a lot of moonshine booze was being made in various sections of the county and the officers decided to try and capture some of it. Thirty-six barrels of the cane beer were found in the woods on the place belonging to Charles Palmer, near the Colquitt county line, some were found near the cane mill and some near the creek, covered over with pine boughs and other stuff. No arrests have been made yet.

**ETCHINGS TO BE SHOWN
HERE UNTIL WEDNESDAY**

The collection of etchings sent out by the Chicago Society of Etchers, shown under the auspices of the Atlanta Art association, will continue on view at the art department of Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Co. through Wednesday.

MAIL ORDERS ALLOWED UNTIL FIRST OF JULY

Tennessee Houses Permitted to
Dispose of Stocks, But Not
to Increase Supply.

Although the bill just signed by Governor Rye, of Tennessee, prohibiting the storage for sale of liquor in Tennessee becomes effective at once, this will not prevent Tennessee liquor houses from shipping liquor into Georgia and other states until July 1. It was learned in Atlanta Sunday.

The Tennessee act provides that from the signing of the bill it shall be against the law for any individual or corporation to store liquor for sale in Tennessee or any other state, but it does not provide that such concerns shall not dispose of the stocks which they now have on hand, providing such stocks are disposed of before July 1.

Thus, while liquor houses in Tennessee may not increase their stocks they may sell from such stocks as they now have on hand until July 1, when all sale of liquor to parties in Tennessee or any other state must stop.

**ORDER OF B'NAI B'RITH
MEETS IN RICHMOND**

Richmond, Va., January 21.—Alliance to the "faith that has preserved Israel through twenty centuries of adversity," and faithfulness to the democratic ideals upon which this government rests, were the notes stressed at the opening session here tonight of the forty-third annual convention of Grand Lodge Number 5, Independent Order of B'nai B'rith.

Simon Wolf, of Washington, the principal speaker, entered an indirect protest against the Zionist movement, pleading for an unphased American Jewry committed to an irrevocable destiny in this country. This country and no other, he said, is the Jerusalem of the future.

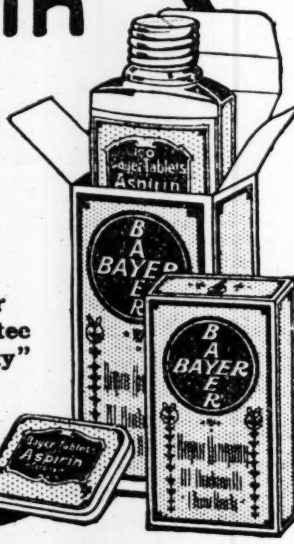
Delegates are in attendance from the District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida. Addresses were made by Charles Hutzler, Richmond; Victor H. Kriegshaber, Atlanta; Dr. Edward N. Callich, Richmond, and Rabbi Louis Bernstein, St. Joseph, Mo. The convention will be in session tomorrow and Tuesday.

Bayer Tablets of Aspirin

To guard against counterfeits and substitutes of Aspirin, remember that every package and tablet of the genuine bears

"The Bayer Cross" "Your Guarantee of Purity"

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monacetic acid ester of salicylic acid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.



Best Set of Teeth That Money Can Buy \$5.00

In selecting your dentist be sure you go to one of an established reputation. No experiments or experimenters here. Every dentist is skillful and experienced. No students or failures.

ONE PRICE TO ALL, RICH OR POOR.
Thousands of satisfied patients praise our fine work and one-price method.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TEN YEARS
OUR PRICES—NO MORE NO LESS

We do not charge one penny more than the prices we advertise.

Best Gold Crown \$3.00 Bridge Work \$3.00
Best Set of Teeth That Money Can Buy \$5.00

Our Prices Always the Same.

One-Price Dental Office

104 1/2 Whitehall St. Corner Mitchell.

You Don't Know

But that your next-door neighbor has some articles you want, and that you could buy for half the price, and which would give the same service as a new one.

Let them be close at hand or far away, a "Wanted, Miscellaneous" ad or a "For Sale, Miscellaneous" ad in The Constitution will bring buyer and seller together quickly, cheaply and with profit to both.

WHEN YOU WANT TO INSERT A WANT AD. PHONE MAIN 5000
ASK FOR THE CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT ATLANTA 5001



Alma Gluck
sings in
Atlanta
January 25

Hear this famous Victor artist!

To hear Alma Gluck is a privilege and an opportunity which every music-lover will want to embrace. It presents the unique opportunity of a direct personal observation of her remarkably beautiful voice for comparative consideration with her historic Victor Records.

Attend this concert and hear her sweet, sympathetic voice in all its simple beauty, being particularly careful to observe the individual characteristics that so plainly identify the Gluck voice.

Then go to any Victor dealer's and hear the Victor Records by Gluck. You will be instantly convinced that on the Victrola her art and personality are brought to you with unerring truth.

It is this absolute fidelity that emphasizes the supremacy of the Victrola, so firmly established on a basis of great things actually accomplished; a supremacy readily recognized and acknowledged by the world's greatest artists who make records exclusively for the Victor.

There are Victors and Victrolas in great variety of styles from \$10 to \$400.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

Important Notice. All Victor Talking Machines are patented and are only licensed, and with right of use on Victor Records only. All Victor Records are patented and are only licensed, and with right of use on Victor Talking Machines only. Victor Records and Victor Machines are scientifically coordinated and synchronized by our special processes of manufacture; and their use, except with each other, is not only unauthorized, but damaging and unsatisfactory.

New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 28th of each month

Victrola

THE CONSTITUTION

Established 1865.

THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly

CLARK HOWELL

Editor and General Manager

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ATLANTA, GA., January 22, 1917.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

By Mail in the United States and Mexico.

(Payable in advance.)

1 Wk. 1 Mo. 3 Mos. 6 Mos. 12 Mos.

Daily only \$5.00 \$15.00 \$30.00 \$50.00 \$75.00

Sundays \$5.00 \$15.00 \$30.00 \$50.00 \$75.00

By Carrier.

City and country, 10 cents per week, of

45 cents per month.

J. R. HOLLADAY, Constitution Building,

416 Advertising Manager for all territory

outside Atlanta.

The Constitution's Washington office is at

418 Riggs Building, Mr. John Corbin, Jr.,

correspondent.

The Constitution is on sale in New

York city by 2 p. m. the day after issue. It

can be had: Hotelling's Newsstands, Broad-

way and Forty-second street (Times building

corner), Thirty-eighth street and Broadway

and Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.

The Constitution is not responsible for

advance payments to out-of-town local

carriers, dealers or agents.

SIMPLE REMEDY FOR LYNCHING

Editorially commending defiance of

a blood-crazed Kentucky mob clamoring for

the life of a negro by Governor Stanley re-

cently, The New York Commercial points

the very simple remedy for the curse of

mob law. Summarized, it is nothing more

complex than faithfulness to trust on the

part of public officials.

The Commercial's observations are well

worth repeating, and they are commended to

every official and every decent citizen of

Georgia:

Governor Stanley, of Kentucky,

stepped into the breach and saved his

state from disgrace by preventing a

lynching. Firmness on the part of the

authorities, fair and speedy trials and just

punishment of the guilty, including those

who take the law into their own hands,

will put a stop to this blot on Ameri-

can civilization. The remedy was worse

than the disease, and there is no excuse

for its survival in any part of this coun-

try. The punishments prescribed by law

fit the crime, and if they do not, the

legislatures can change the laws. Gov-

ernor Stanley has visualized before all

the world the fact that the best men in

the south have determined to put a stop

to lynching. No governor, sheriff or

other public official need fear that his

political future will be jeopardized by

doing his duty in this respect. Lynching

can be suppressed as completely as "fel-

ling has been when the authorities do

their duty.

As The Constitution has repeatedly

pointed out and substantiated by proof,

Georgia has suffered grievously because of

the curse of mob violence and disrespect for

the law and courts of justice. From one end

of the nation to the other, especially since

the publication of the damaging 1916 "lynch-

ing statistics," the press of the country has

heaped upon Georgia the "string-em-up state"

load. One of the important newspapers

of the north even went so far the other day

as to dub Georgia the "string-em-up state!"

"Georgia," it said, "had only fourteen out

of a total of fifty-four lynchings for 1916.

The string-em-up state must be reformed!"

That sort of advertising hurts. It hurts

the more, of course, because it is unwar-

ranted and unfair; but what we of Georgia

know and the rest of the world thinks are

two different things.

There is no gainsaying that our lynching

reputation, founded upon past deeds and

prejudice and bolstered in an unpleasant de-

gree by the records, is holding the state back

in its development.

Only a small percentage of Georgians

adhere to or even condone the blight of

lynching; and it is not fair that the large,

happy, law-abiding, justice-loving majority

should be made to continue suffering for the

sins of the lawless few.

We believe with The Commercial: That

lynching can be suppressed as completely

as duelling has been when the authorities

do their duty."

We have the timber for worthy officials,

plenty of it; and if we are worthy in the

machinery whereby to compel them, if neces-

sary, to fulfill their sworn obligations to the

state, the general assembly can mighty

quickly and easily supply it.

POPULARIZING AEROPLANES.

Orville Wright, the surviving one of the

two brothers who pioneered navigation of

cloudland, recently concluded a series of

successful experiments with his new "stabil-

izer," which scientists declare foreshad-

ows a revolutionary change in aeroplane

construction and manipulation.

For years Wright has been striving to

evolve some device whereby to eliminate the

danger from air-pockets and sudden gusts

and squall in the higher altitudes, to which

the greater percentage of aviation fatalities

have been directly attributable. He worked

for a long while upon the gyroscope prin-

ciple; but that, he says now, has been dis-

carded as inadequate. He thinks he has hit

upon "just the thing" in the form of a small

propeller, which is fixed just over the pilot's

head, and which is controlled by electricity,

in turn controlled by a pendulum swinging

in a liquid bath.

Early in November Wright began a se-

ries of experimental flights, and a few days

ago, at the conclusion of them, he said:

"I'm more than satisfied with my

work now. All I had to do was to steer

the machine. The stabilizer gave me a

perfect balance during the entire flight.

It did all the banking on the turn and

righted the machine on every dip."

For years it has been a simple matter to

build an airship that would "take the air"

and fly; but, careful and adept though the

pilot might be, he has carried his life on his

sleeve every moment he has been in the

heights because of the machine's lack of

stability.

Now, however, Orville Wright professes

to have a device which makes aviation prac-

tically fool-proof, and the launching upon a

flight calling for little more than merely

cranking up and starting off, with hazard

reduced to a par with that of motoring.

Some prophet has predicted, on top of

Wright's late experiments, that fifty years

from now "everybody will be using flying

machines."

A PROHIBITION RETROSPECT.

Looking back over the northwest's first

year of prohibition, The Spokane (Wash.)

Spokesman-Review begins its leading New

Year's editorial, "One Year of Prohibition in

Spokane," in this wise:

In the terse and telling diction of

Theodore Roosevelt in the year of

prohibition in Washington and at Spo-

kane are "bully." From baker and butcher

and candlestick maker, from banker

and farmer and miner, from realtor and

logger and laborer and manufacturer,

from rejoicing bootleggers and from happy

children rises a unanimous verdict that

the abolition of the saloon has in every

way been a benefit to every other class

and interest in this state and city.

It admonishes its readers to "read the

wonderful story!" (a recounting of the city's

first "dry" year).

Observe that the bankers note a big

difference in the small depositor's favor

in 1916 as compared with his bank ac-

count in 1915; that reality is on a healthy

basis and will soon pay record rentals;

that keeping out money from the saloon

has helped Spokane and Washington's busi-

ness; that postal receipts and building

permits, the infallible indicators of the

state of business, have made great gains;

that the employment agencies tell of in-

creased employment for labor. Above all,

be sure to read how prohibition has saved

approximately \$4,000,000 to Spokane in

the year of its prohibition. This is the differ-

ence between \$4,800,000 spent for per-

mits and by bootleggers in 1916. Then

thank heaven that you live in the saloon-

less state of Washington and the saloon-

less city of Spokane.

The story is practically the same from

every city of every one of the states in

which prohibition is so new as to permit a

fair comparison between "dry" and "wet"

conditions; yet the composite picture is a

glowing one despite the fact that the federal

laws are such as to make real prohibition

in any state impossible.

Consider, then, what the account will be

a year from the day when the remedy pend-

ing now in congress becomes effective—as-

suming, of course, that the pending relief

measures become law, as they surely will.

But even with things as they are—with

a continuous stream of strong drink pouring

into our own city and state—the pernicious

influence of the saloon is gone forever; and,

after only eight months of state prohibition

(in the face of federal nullification), The

Constitution might with propriety even ex-

ceeding that in which The Spokesman-

Review felicitates its fellow-citizens, para-

phrasing that newspaper's exultant words,

say to Atlantans:

"Thank heaven that you live in the saloon-

less state of Georgia and the saloonless

city of Atlanta!"

THE GREATEST ASSET.

In his first annual message to the legisla-

ture, Governor Brumbaugh, of Pennsylvania,

said that—

"Our greatest asset is our people.

That they may be kept in health, properly

housed, wisely educated, happily em-

ployed, morally safeguarded and spiri-

tually free are essentials to every great

enterprise that they may in the future

undertake."

As a "keynote" of an administrative pol-

icy that could hardly be improved upon.

There is not in America a state, a county

nor a municipality which would not profit

in an everlasting way were precisely this

sentiment injected into the groundwork of

its government—and practiced by the gov-

erning powers, each day in the year.

Every community is as great as its peo-

ple; none can be greater than its people.

And none can have a greater asset than a

healthful, "properly housed, wisely edu-

cated, happily employed, morally safeguarded

and spiritually free" population.

To bring this almost Utopian condition

about might well be the aim of every gov-

ernor, every mayor in the land. None could

aim higher.

Perkins says the republican leaders

"have affronted every progressive voter."

The election returns indicate that neither

have they made any very warm friends

among other stripes of voter.

The performance of the "human fly" at

any rate affords the average human being

additional grounds for thankfulness that

there are other ways than his to make a

living.

It is too bad that the nations at war can-

not go into court and settle all of their dif-

ferences like they are settling the status of

the Appam.

The Indianapolis News notes that the in-

creasing discussions of efficiency in city

government lead to the hope that maybe it

will be put there some day.

Villa asks recognition, but judging by

the way he has been mutilated in the news

reports he must be unrecognizable.

It is not surprising that the allies' note

didn't please Germany, as that wasn't the

intention of it.

Pictures of German commerce raiders

are mostly imaginary, but what they ac-

complish is listed with the real goods.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

By FRANK L. STANTON

Voice of the Guna.

I.

Still the loud war-guns

Where no stream but red-

dened runs.

And the wailing of the

mothers, and the

laughter of the sons!

And the torn fields trampled

And the hearts that bleed and beat

That bleed and beat

And listen in the darkness for unreturning

feet.

II.

Still the fields of flame,

Where Love's an unknown name.

With a world to watch and wonder—a world

to blush with shame!

God's temples laid in ashes, wolf-hunger at

the door,

While the war-guns down the pleading—

the praying of the poor.

III.

And to Heaven sound the guns

And there the life-stream runs:

Will not Heaven hear the wailing of the

mothers for the sons?

One day in solemn judgment, war-kings shall

trembling stand

With blackened souls and blasted—with blood

on heart and hand!

From a Philosopher's Viewpoint.

Poet Judd Lewis finds a prose-poem lesson

in the Thaw case, with this, of rich men's

sons:

"If we had not strength enough to hold

that which we had made his way, and then that

we would buckle down and work by day and

plan by night and finally he would become

a man. It is the rich man's son we see who

does not gain much sense, it is the poor

LEADERS ARE PLANNING TO AVOID EXTRA SESSION

Effort Will Be Made to Speed Up Legislation in Congress.

Washington, January 21.—With the peace note leak investigation transferred to New York, administration leaders in congress are breathing sighs of relief because the attention of members generally now can be concentrated upon the clogged legislative program.

House and senate leaders are just as anxious as President Wilson over the press of important business and no secret is made of the fact that all of them earnestly desire to avoid an extra session of the sixty-fifth congress if it possibly can be done.

Tomorrow the senate steering committee will endeavor to arrange a program for the remainder of the session and for longer day and possibly night sessions.

Democratic leaders agree that some sort of railroad labor legislation should be enacted and the subject may be given the right of way over pending water power legislation before many days. The senate interstate commerce committee is expected to meet early in the week and Senator Newlands, disappointed at the refusal of the committee to recommend a strike prevention measure, will endeavor to maneuver the president's bill into action for reconsideration. Even if an extra vote is had on the subject, opponents of the bill think the committee will not change its attitude.

Railroad Legislation.—Before the house interstate commerce committee the hearing of labor organization heads on the railroad legislative proposals of Representative Adamson will continue. W. S. Stone, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, will appear before the committee in opposition to any measures that might restrict the right of labor to strike. Notwithstanding the president's insistence on such legislation the prospect for its enactment grows less probable as the time for adjournment approaches. With this startling block out of the way nearly all democratic leaders and some of the republicans of both houses believe that an extra session could be avoided, and if the railroad program does fail, there are few who believe that the president would demand an extra session to consider such legislation alone.

The Revenue Program.—There is a spirited contest among democratic senators over the majority leadership to be relinquished by Senator Kern on March 4. When the new senate meets in extraordinary session immediately after adjournment to pass upon the president's cabinet the selection of a new leader probably will be pressed. A real contest between southern and western democrats has been simmering for several weeks. Senator Walsh, of Montana, is the candidate of the westerners for the leadership and Senator Martin, of Virginia, the candidate of the southerners. Eastern and northern democrats are being besieged by leaders of both sides and at this time the outcome is uncertain.

Railway Mail Clerk Examination FEB. 10.

Owing to the fact that no examinations have been held in Georgia for the position of railway mail clerk for two years, much interest is felt in the examination for that position to be held under the auspices of the United States civil service commission Saturday, February 10. Points in this state at which the examination will be given are Albany, Athens, Atlanta, Augusta, Columbus, Macon, Rome, Savannah, Thomasville and Waycross. A number of applicants are expected to take the examination at each of these places.

Applicants must be between the ages of 18 and 35 years, must measure at least 5 feet 5 inches in height and must weigh not less than 130 pounds. No education requirements are specified, but applicants are expected to have a fair English education. Vacancies in the service will be filled from the eligibles resulting from this examination at a salary beginning at \$900 per year.

Plenty of seats for Sarah Bernhardt matinee today, 2:30. Last chance. Buy early.

Plenty of seats for Sarah Bernhardt matinee today, 2:30. Last chance. Buy early.

Diamonds Sent Prepaid For Inspection

Diamonds, in assorted qualities, sent prepaid to reliable people anywhere, for inspection.

Particular pains are taken to send our choicest values, for we realize that the diamonds must sell themselves.

Five out of six of our selection shipments result in sales. Attractive monthly payments allowed.

Net prices and full particulars given in booklet, "Facts About Diamonds," and in our twenty-second annual catalogue. Both sent complimentary upon request. Call or write for them.

Meier & Berkele, Inc.
Diamond Merchants
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1887

Willie Was Ready To Tell St. Peter Story of His Life

Shot in the Shin Bone After "er Little Argument," Negro Thought He Was Dead, and Told Doctor So.

Here's a story that beats anything which has "broken" in Atlanta in years for unreasonableness, and yet which is proven emphatically by two doctors, some circumstantial evidence, one negro, and two pieces of a revolver bullet, calibre .32.

Saturday night Willie Thomas, age about 25 years, a resident, he says, of 20 Piedmont avenue, called on a "friend" at No. 7 Townes street. Everything rocked along very well for a while until another darky came around and found Willie present.

Then the argument started. It ended when the other darky—name unknown to the police—pulled a revolver and fired. The bullet struck Willie just below the left knee in the middle of the shin bone, professionally known as the "tibia" and also as the "saber" bone.

Thought He Was Dead.—The last name for the bone was proven to be the correct one in Willie's case, as examination at the hospital showed.

Willie fell. He thought he was dead, so he closed his eyes, tried to remember something he had heard at church and prepared to explain things to St. Peter.

After lying for some minutes on the floor, Willie was rudely awakened by the arrival of the Grady ambulance and Dr. Frank Sweet, interne in charge. "Here, what's the matter with you?" asked Dr. Sweet.

Willie, prepared for St. Peter, opened one eye. "I've just been killed, boss," he replied. "You have?" queried the interne. "Yes, sah." "En I thought maybe I might git in."

He rolled his eyes about, expecting to see a pair of angels and streets of gold. A look of perplexity passed over his face as he slowly realized that he was still on earth. The perplexity gave way to pleasure. Heaven might be all right and all that, but the earth and Atlanta looked pretty good to Willie.

Had a Little Argument.—"Who am you, white folks?" queried the darky, directing his question to Dr. Sweet, who was busily engaged in examining a wound in the negro's leg. "Grady hospital," returned Dr. Sweet. "How'd you get shot?" He was still busy, this time preparing the nigger for the ambulance stretcher.

DAVENNY QUINTET WILL APPEAR HERE WEDNESDAY NIGHT

Ticket sales for the coming concert to be offered by the Daveny Festival quintet who, under the auspices of the Alkahest Lyceum bureau, will appear in Atlanta at the Auditorium-Armory Wednesday night, will begin Monday at the offices of the bureau in the Healey building.

It is expected that a much larger crowd will hear these than any which has attended the concerts and offerings staged here before by the bureau because of the fact that the quintet is a novel organization. All of the singers, and there are four of them, are the leading soloists of the churches of Pittsburgh. The pianist is declared to be one of the best artists in her profession in the east.

REV. J. A. JACKSON DIES AT HOME IN M'DONOUGH—McDonough, Ga., January 21.—(Special.)—Rev. J. A. Jackson, one of the best known Baptist ministers in Georgia, died at his home here this morning after a long illness. Mr. Jackson, who was 72 years old, had been unable to do active work for some time. Recently when a protracted meeting was held in his old church his friends called a telephone line struck from the church to his bedside so that he was able to hear all that took place at the session where he was wont to be a leading figure.

The funeral will take place Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock in Bethany cemetery. Rev. H. E. Adamson, of Morrow, will officiate. The deceased is survived by two sons, R. O. Jackson, former county school superintendent, and J. H. Jackson, of Jenkinsburg, and four daughters, Mrs. Josie Elliott, Mrs. E. C. Carter, O. E. Cathey and Mrs. L. B. McCollough.

JUVENILE COURT JUDGE PROBABLE IN WARE CO.

Waycross, Ga., January 21.—(Special.)—As a result of the visit of Miss Agne Neva McKinna, secretary of the Georgia Conference on Social Work, and district superintendent of the Georgia Children's Home society, it is probable Judge J. I. Summerall will appoint Ordinary Banner H. Thomas as judge of a juvenile court for Ware county. This will be done under a recent law giving superior court judges such power. Ordinary Thomas has consented to act. It is also likely that other steps will be taken to help the work among the needy and care for children not now receiving the attention necessary to make of them the best citizens. County Commissioner John L. Youmans is co-operating with Miss McKinna in her work here. She will leave the city tomorrow, returning within a few months.

GLASSES FITTED—We have been fitting Glasses—successfully—for the southern people for nearly 30 years. This long service means reliability and dependability. It means you can safely trust the fitting of your glasses to us. Latest styles, frames, mounting and new shapes of lenses. We make the Genuine Kryptok—the only invisible Bifocal. Come in and talk to us about your eyes. Hawkes, Opticians, 14 Whitehall, (adv.)

Plenty of seats for Sarah Bernhardt matinee today, 2:30. Last chance. Buy early.

Reception Given at Terrace To Madame Sarah Bernhardt



MADAME SARAH BERNHARDT. World-famous actress who will play two performances at the Atlanta theater today.

Mrs. Joseph Gatins, Jr., entertained forty guests yesterday afternoon at the Georgian Terrace hotel in honor of Madame Sarah Bernhardt, whose present tour in the south has been the occasion of many happy social incidents.

Mrs. Gatins received the guests first in the lounge, and then they passed in groups to Madame Bernhardt's apartment, where she graciously received, her physician forbidding the exertion of her leaving her apartments so soon after her arrival in the city. She wore a reception gown in peach colored velvet printed in gold. The corsage opened to show a blouse of chiffon, with a ruff and jabot of point applique.

The same lace fell from long sleeves over her shapely hands. Back of her, and falling to the floor, was a robe of satin brodered in gold, and as she received her guests, her every movement was graceful and her beautiful voice was delightful to hear.

With Madame Bernhardt was her physician and interpreter and members of her company.

Returning to the lounge, Mrs. Gatins entertained her guests at tea. She was assisted in receiving by Mrs. John E. Murphy, and pouring tea was Mrs. Benjamin Gatins and Mrs. Albert Thornton, Jr.

Mrs. Gatins wore a brown satin gown becomingly fashioned. Mrs. Murphy wore sapphire blue velvet. Mrs. Thornton wore biscuit colored cloth, and Mrs. Benjamin Gatins wore black velvet.

Benefit Card Party.—The ladies of St. Anthony's guild will give a benefit card party Tuesday at the home of Mrs. T. W. Delay, 49 Howell place. Cards start at 3 and 8 p. m. Refreshments will be served.

ALMA GLUCK TELLS FUNNIEST MUSICAL STORY ON RECORD

Alma Gluck, who is coming to the Grand Opera house for a concert Thursday night under Music Festival association auspices and who will be elaborately entertained while in Atlanta, tells the funniest musical story on record.

At a social evening accorded to Mme. Gluck, one of the guests was urged to sing, and after she had done so a severe looking woman turned to a quiet little gentleman next to her and said:

"Wasn't that awful? Who can she be?"

"Why, why," stammered the man, "she is my wife."

"Oh, I beg your pardon, said the flustered lady. "I did not mean to say that she was not a beautiful singer, but she ought to have sung something else. Who do you suppose wrote that impossible song?"

"If you must know, madam," he replied, "I am the composer."

The public sale of tickets for Mrs. Gluck's concert begins this morning at the Cable Piano company and continues there until 5 o'clock, when it will be transferred to the office at the Grand. Unusual interest is being manifested in this concert, and an immense crowd is expected to be in attendance.

The World's Greatest Artists True to Life. WITH A VICTROLA You have the chosen instrument of the world's greatest artists and instrumentalists. Victrolas, \$15.00 to \$300. Easy monthly payments. Most complete stock of VICTOR RECORDS in the South.

BAME'S "THE VICTOR STORE," 107 Peachtree St., Opposite Piedmont Hotel.

believing that there was no subtle meaning in her remark. Mme. Bernhardt inquired through her interpreter what questions I wished to ask.

I asked any number of questions which, being duly translated, elicited answers so prompt and final as to end another along the same line. Mme. Bernhardt answered in French, vivaciously and with a shade of facial expression and gesture as eloquent of her answer as words themselves, but the finality of each answer told me plainly that the interview was stereotyped—that I was seeing no more of Bernhardt than I might see in any printed interview that I have ever read.

I wanted to catch a glimpse of the real Bernhardt who, at 71, could live the life of 30. But I had not penetrated the surface.

I do not mean that there is any veneer about Mme. Bernhardt. It was a frank lack of just that which told me that my ammunition was faulty. It was this and the absence of a certain expression of idealism in her eyes, an impression of which has been conveyed to me by pictures that I have seen of Bernhardt, that told me.

Then I asked her for a reminiscence of France and the war. Miss Ormsby conveyed my request. Instantly I found that picture of Bernhardt for which I had been searching. There crept into her eyes the dream and the fire which had been created in my mind's picture of her. Her slender fingers swept through her still gorgeous hair in an impetuous gesture, and she heaved a moment before answering. There seemed to me to be something of impatience in that gesture—some little betraying movement which seemed to say: "Here is another set question, a question which could mean a great deal, but which is intended only to bring forth something sensational over which somebody may write a catchy headline."

And so I got another stereotyped answer—brief, only a dozen words or so—"Mme. Bernhardt says her reminiscences are of France fighting with a wonderful spirit and invincible faith for certain victory in a cause which is just," said Miss Ormsby.

I pressed the question, and Mme. Bernhardt told of how she had played for the soldiers back of the lines in France. She said that she had never experienced before any audience the pleasure she found in playing for these soldiers. Certainly no artist ever had such an audience as that described by Mme. Bernhardt. There were no complaining critics bent upon watching her interpretation of this detail or the other, no blasé society out to while away so much time and see and be seen, no gorgeous display of fashion; but just men with so sure a purpose that they were willing to lay down their lives for it, such men, many direct from the trenches in their heavy boots and muddy clothes, others wounded, who accepted what she offered to entertain and inspire as sincerely as a child accepts a story. This was the audience which saw, sometimes in the open, sometimes in hospitals or, perhaps, an improvised theater, the greatest actress that France has ever produced—and, perhaps, the greatest patriot.

The conversation turned to the sacrifices Paul and Kiffin Rockwell have made for France. I was no longer the interviewer, but Mme. Bernhardt was asking the questions. She was greatly interested in these Atlanta boys, one of whom has died for France. Her eyes brightened. She was as eager and intent as a child and asked many questions about the Rockwell brothers. Thus it was that I got my glimpse of the real Bernhardt, who has in the calmest fashion found the secret that Pompeii has wandered a wilderness for and worried himself to death over. Now that I have had my glimpse of what is the secret that makes Bernhardt the most wonderful woman in the world, I don't know, but I am convinced that she is.

Alma Gluck and her VICTOR RECORDS

The Victor records of Alma Gluck's voice are just as truly Gluck as Gluck herself—the same lovely, even, sympathetic voice of surpassing beauty.

Hear this great artist at the Grand Theater next Thursday evening, also be sure to visit our Victrola rooms and hear your choice of her 100 Records.

Let Cable Victrola Service Help You Build A Gluck Library

Cable Piano Co. 82-84 N. BROAD ST. ATLANTA, GA. Tickets for the Gluck Concert on Sale Here Today

BERNHARDT TELLS OF PLAYING FOR SOLDIERS

Continued From First Page.

swered. That this should be inevitable.

I found Mme. Bernhardt's private car upon a siding at the Terminal station about 12:30 Sunday, and was ushered into the dining compartment, where Mme. Bernhardt, her secretary and interpreter, Miss Ormsby, and Dr. Marot, her physician, were at lunch.

There were several visitors and all the chairs were occupied, so I sat upon the end of a trunk, by the side of a small cage in which a little squirrel was capering about.

"Be careful," warned Miss Ormsby. "Do not let the squirrel bite you."

I confess to being disconcerted by the remark, but Miss Ormsby hastened to explain that others had suffered through failure to observe the same warning, and I was flattered into

GREAT BRITAIN TO LEASE GREEK MERCHANT SHIPS

Constantine and Cabinet Discuss Proposal—Ship Owners Are Willing.

Athens, Greece, January 21.—(Via London.)—The cabinet today discussed at length a British proposal to lease the Greek merchant marine. It was decided to take measures to assure the retention of the number of ships necessary to provide the foodstuffs which Greece requires.

According to a high official, two considerations already have put Greek ship owners in the hands of the entente, namely, coal and insurance. The latter, it was pointed out, might be secured in the United States, but the former, according to this authority, was sufficient to induce owners to accede to the proposals of Great Britain. The removal of Greek troops and war material to the Peloponnese continues. It is believed the transportation of artillery will be completed next week when the blockade can be lifted. The entire transfer will be finished in a fortnight, according to present indications.

School Census Planned.—Thomson, Ga., January 21.—(Special.)—With a view of ascertaining the exact number of children eligible for school duty, a school census of Thomson will be taken in the near future. The new compulsory school law requires that all children of certain ages must attend school a given length of time each year, and in order to comply with this requirement it is necessary to ascertain the exact number who are supposed to attend.

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The Celebrated Effectual Remedy Without Internal Medicine.
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All Druggists or E. Rogers & Co., 20 Beakman St., N.Y.

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can have nice, long, straight hair by using **Exelento Quinine Pomade**, which is a Hair Grower, not a Hair Remover. You can see the results by using several times. Try a package. Price 25c by mail on receipt of stamps or coin. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for particulars. Exelento Medicine Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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FOR COUGHS and HOARSENESS

COTTON DECLINED TRADING WAS DULL

IN STOCK MARKET

New York, January 21.—Dealings in the stock market last week prompted little specific comment. Trading was small and narrow in the main, though with a broader tendency in the later sessions. Restriction of operations was again attributed largely to the continued abstention of public interest. There was a moderate increase of

to demand for bonds and high-grade stocks, and the inquiry was not to new British loan attracted widely. The London Stock Exchange recently reported applications for a large new British loan. The inquiry was intended to indicate an overabundance of British interests regarding the Bank of England's action in reducing the rate of discount. The logical outcome of the inquiry was to indicate a greater ease of credit conditions, together with the placing of the British loan on a more liberal basis. Domestic money market conditions indicate further relaxation. Since the beginning of the year, the Bank of New York Clearing House Association has increased their actual reserves by \$10,000,000, and the Federal Reserve has expanded by slightly more than \$10,000,000.

Financial brokers report the small-scale sources, a condition of the unusually heavy holiday trade, and the largest source of the industrial interests of the country come into the money market for

able bond issue by the Bethlehem
company accounted for the weak-
ness of that stock during the last few
years. Virtually all time rates for
freight were lower here and at other
major centers.

Weak Kidneys

regulated and made strong
the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water.
tively guaranteed by money-back offer.
fine; costs a trifle. Delivered any-
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If you can't bring on your own

your Want Ad, phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

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telephone directory. Other want
taken by telephone are to be paid
immediately upon publication, and
presented by mail or solicitor the
day printed.

OST and FOUND

T articles sometimes are never found, often they are stolen with chance of recovery, but when picked up by honest persons they get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

Winchester, 20-gauge shotgun, in
either case, on Lakewood drive, be-
hind Gun Club and Capitol avenue; re-
phone Main 3344 or return to 421
on street.

1392 Peachtree road. Telephone
or Ivy 111.

STRAYED—One blue speckled
Answers to name Blue. Notify J.
Free, 98 Walton street. Ivy 6005.
Reward.

Combination caracul and silk plush
a or near Kress' Viaduct store.

W. M. Phone M. 2820-L. Reward.
 over mesh bag, engraved "Mary
 Schneider." Call either phone,
 or Ivy 8289-L.

PERSONAL

OWN—Does it need a chamber of
s or a revival of existing organi-
organize and conduct cam-
boards of trade, Y. M. C. A.
A. to secure members and

Write us, National Civic Serv.
Peters bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

BAZIN died at Sharon, Ga., Oc-
1916. I have been appointed ad-
upon his estate, as no will was
and anyone know of the exist-
will I will be pleased to have
as to it. John O'Keefe, Sharon,

SEWING MACHINES
MADE AND SOLD
 MONTH—All makes of machines
 Singer Sewing Machine Co. Bell
 79 Whitehall st.
 Supreme Gifted Medium gives

vice on all important advice of
Readings. Hours, 9 a. m. to
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LYLE, Scientist and Spiritualist,
ed from New York, more won-
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Sanitarium, private, refined

limited number patients cared
provided infants. Infants for
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witches from combs for \$1.
Hair Dressing Parlor, 704
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WANTED—Male
PEN—Men wanted this COL-
LEGEST and BEST. Made thou-
sands. Will teach you everything
RUBBER TRADE in few weeks.
while learning; give you set
E; give you positive

OF BARBER SHOPS all
JACKSONVILLE BARBER COL-
legiate Bay st., Jacksonville, Fla.
Manufacturing and wholesale house
services of good bookkeeper.
Young man, a hustler, who will
soon later be used for more re-
gion; salary to begin \$75. Give

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CLEANER, ELEC-
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FOR STEWARD

ave two hands, Prof. G. O.
teach you the barber trade
give wages while learning.
in our chain of shops. At-
tention, 10 East Mitchell St.

a male stenographer, ac-
work insurance office. Ad-
pperhill, Tenn.

RESPIRE PROBABLE FOR CONDEMNED NEGRO

Macon, Ga., January 21.—(Special.)—Indications are that Governor Harris will grant a second respite to Richard Glawson, the negro sentenced to be hanged here Friday for the murder of his wife. Attorney John R. Cooper was to have appeared before the governor in Atlanta tomorrow to argue for commutation of sentence, but the governor's secretary, Raymond Stapleton, today wired the Macon attorney as follows: "Governor not well enough to hear arguments in Glawson case tomorrow. In case not better tomorrow will grant another respite."

Will pay for the chance to heal Catarrh

After an experience of 25 years, during which time 50 million Americans have used Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly, the manufacturers of this remedy feel so sure that it will relieve catarrh—that they offer to pay for a chance to prove its benefit to any catarrhal sufferer. They announce that any resident of this community can go to almost any drug store and get a complimentary trial can at the expense of the manufacturers. If the drugstore has no gratuitous packages, the person may buy a 25 cent tube with the unequalled understanding that if that first tube does not do that person more than a dollar's worth of good, he or she can get their quarter back from either the drugstore or the Kondon Company at Minneapolis. Over 35,000 drugstores know Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly is effective, harmless, clean and pleasant to apply—and they know the Kondon people will gladly live up to this offer—quarter back if not worth a dollar.—Address—

KONDON'S
CATARRHAL JELLY
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

AMUSEMENTS

MATINEE Today 2:30

and Tonight at 8:15
at The ATLANTA

The Last Visit to America

The World's Greatest Artist

MME. SARAH

BERNHARDT

and Her Own Company and Productions from
THEATRE SARAH BERNHARDT, PARIS

In Four Complete Plays Each,
Different Bills Matinee and Night

PLENTY MATINEE SEATS

18 Rows Orchestra \$2.50; 4 Rows
Orchestra \$2; 4 Rows Balcony \$2;
8 Rows Balcony \$1.50; Gallery (on
sale at 2 p. m. only) 75c.

Your Last Chance

THURS.-FRI.-SAT. Matinee

THE FUNNIEST PLAY IN YEARS

Fair and Warmer

EXCELLENT BIG CITY LAST

SEATS ON SALE NOW

Nights 25c to \$1.50; Mat. 25c to \$1.

Afternoon 2:30 FORSYTH Evening 8:30

Emmett Devoy & Co.,
The Riding Duttons,
Dong Fong Gue and Harry Haw,
Willing-Bentley-Willing.

3-Other Acts—3

AFT. 10 GRAND NITES 10-15-25

Continuous 1 to 11 p. m.

LITTLE LORD ROBERTS,
The Diminutive Jester, A Broadway Treat
OTHER BIG NITES OF THE
MARIE DRENNER, "Tillie Wakes Up,"
vaudeville Interspersed Night Shows
Jan. 25 account Alma Gluck Concert.

The House of
Triangle Productions

DIRECTION
MR. JAKE WELLS

Performances 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30,
3:30, 5:30, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

TODAY, TUES., WED.

BESSIE LOVE

—IN—

"Nina, the Flower Girl"

She was billed and Grandma was gone,
but Jimmy was there, a quarrelsome, who
sold papers and watched over her. He took
her out in the great fields where "Nights
of good deeds" found them. And these two
loved the little girl and each was one of
God's gentlemen. They found a wonder-
doctor, who made the little flower girl see,
but—Bessie Love will tell you the rest.
In this latest Triangle-Fine Arts play, and
make you glad you are living and can know
such men and women.

Coming Thurs., Fri., Sat.

WILLIAM DESMOND

In "The Ice Bullet"

EUGENE KELLY

Makes loans on real estate, monthly
plan, and buys purchase money notes.
1105-1107 Third Nat. Bldg. Bldg. 1st 350

HUNTING—FISHING

Best Quail Shooting in the South.
Free-Million Acres Hunting Privilege.
Fresh and Salt Water Fishing.
Hampton Springs, Fla.
Every convenience. Reasonable prices.
Sleeper leaves Atlanta 11 p. m. A. B.
& A.

AMUSEMENTS

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt.

(At the Atlanta.)

This afternoon Mme. Sarah Bernhardt will appear at the Atlanta in one of her most faraway performances. She will be supported by her own company from the Theatre Sarah Bernhardt, Paris, and will give complete plays. Plenty of seats are to be had for this performance in both the balcony and orchestra. She will give a repertoire of her finest plays, consisting of "Hecuba," "Joan of Arc," "Rosalie" and "La Vitruve" (The Stained Glass Window). These four plays show Mme. Bernhardt in her greatest power and make a most attractive matinee offering. Her final performance will be tonight, when she will give four other plays, the repertoire being "Camille," "Cypriote," "From the Theatre to the Field of Honor" and "Rosalie." This will be the last time she will appear in Atlanta, as she returns to France to remain after her present tour is ended.

"Fair and Warmer."

(At the Atlanta.)

This morning at 9 o'clock seats will be placed on sale for the engagement of "Fair and Warmer," which will be at the Atlanta Thursday, Friday and Saturday, with a Sunday matinee. This is the funniest farce comedy produced in years and has to do with the life which their helpmates try to like. The situations produce hundreds of laughs and the show will undoubtedly draw packed houses because so many have told how good it is. The company is excellent, indeed, the players having been selected for the big cities by Selwyn and company, the producers.

Emmett Devoy and Company.

(At the Forsyth.)

Emmett Devoy and company of eight in the allegorical comedy, "The Call of Childhood," the only offering of its kind that ever made such a profound impression in New York as to be held over at Keith's. Keith vaudeville program, this week, James Dutton and company, society comedienne, are scheduled for an act beautiful. Miss Dong Fong Gur and Harry Haw. The children of Confucius will appear in a Chinese conception of American songs and dances. Willing, Bentley and Willing will appear in a new act of blackface comedy. Others include Bernie and Baker, two boys with a violin and an accordion; Ed Morton, singer, and the Four Paders, novelty lamp jumpers.

Loew's Vaudeville.

(At the Grand.)

Little Lord Roberts, the latest jester on the American stage, and one of the funniest in vaudeville, is one of the headline attractions at the Grand theater this week. He is the latest Triangle-Fine Arts production and has been booked for three days, the engagement including Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Miss Love is seen as a blind girl whose sight is restored through the kindness of wealthy people, who stop in the street one day to buy from her tray of flowers. The love story of the play concerns Nina and Jimmie, a crippled newspaper boy, whom she believes to be as straight and strong as Apollo. Jimmie's joy is mixed with grief when he learns that Nina is going to be able to see him, but before that time comes the doctors have removed his deformity as well as her sightlessness.

Bessie Love.

(At the Odeon.)

"Nina, the Flower Girl," with Bessie Love in the title role, will be seen for the first time in Atlanta today at the Odeon theater. It is the latest Triangle-Fine Arts production and has been booked for three days, the engagement including Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Miss Love is seen as a blind girl whose sight is restored through the kindness of wealthy people, who stop in the street one day to buy from her tray of flowers. The love story of the play concerns Nina and Jimmie, a crippled newspaper boy, whom she believes to be as straight and strong as Apollo. Jimmie's joy is mixed with grief when he learns that Nina is going to be able to see him, but before that time comes the doctors have removed his deformity as well as her sightlessness.

BISHOP LEETE HOLDS CONFERENCE IN CUBA

Bishop F. D. Leete, resident bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, of 63 Ponce de Leon avenue, with Mrs. Leete sailed from New York for Porto Rico on Saturday. Bishop Leete will hold the conference at San Juan commencing February 2. They will likely be gone for six weeks.

FLYING PROVES FATAL TO PUGILIST BERNARD

Pau France, January 21.—(Via Paris.)—Georges Bernard, the middleweight champion pugilist of France, was killed yesterday while making a flight. He enlisted at the beginning of the war when 19 years of age.

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WORLD'S SOCIALISTS WILL MEET AND TRY TO FIND BASIS FOR PEACE

When President John Trainor, of Baltimore, chief executive of the National Association of Builders' Exchanges, lifts his kavel to call the annual convention of the association to order in Cable Hall, Tuesday, February 13, there will be assembled in this city some of the most important architects, contractors and builders in the country. For in the national board of control alone, which will be present in a body, there will be a representative gathering from every nook of the United States.

In addition to these, there will be addresses from a number of very notable men before the public. John Lawrence Mauran, of St. Louis, recently elected president of the American Institute of Architects, will address the convention on Tuesday on a subject bearing upon the relation of architects to builders.

A former president of the association, H. L. Lewman, of Louisville, Ky., twice elected to the office, will also be heard on Wednesday.

William B. King, general counsel of the association, the well-known lawyer of Washington, D. C., will also deliver an address. His subject will be relative to forms of building contracts, particularly in relation to the Standard Documents of the American Institute of Architects.

Plans are rapidly going forward for the entertainment of the visitors. The theater party announced for Tuesday evening will be held at the Grand, and the entire lower floor, with the boxes, will be reserved for delegates on that night.

The Valentine ball on Wednesday evening will be held at the Capital City club, and will be in charge of Jack Lewis. Fred Houser has undertaken the entertainment of Thursday evening. This will be known as "Plantation night," and will be given over to stunts and stories typical of the south.

The lady visitors will be admirably taken care of while their husbands are engaged in the business of the convention. A special ladies' committee consisting of Mesdames E. M. Walker, C. G. Bratt, D. A. Farrell, P. C. Gilham, T. F. Kennedy and Charles William Bernhart, will have these arrangements in charge.

The special program which they have provided includes on Tuesday afternoon auto drives to Grant park, the Cyclopedia, Fort Walker and Burns Cottage. On Wednesday, luncheon will be served at the Piedmont Driving club, which will be followed by an automobile tour of the north shore. Thursday's luncheon will be served at East Lake, after which autos will take the party to the Federal prison and other points of interest on the south side.

Thomson's City Officials.

Thomson, Ga., January 21.—(Special.)—Those elected in the recent municipal election to have charge of the city's affairs during the next two years are: H. C. McCordle, mayor; H. A. Price, C. A. Farmer, W. C. McCommons, James E. Harrison, councilmen. Officers of the new administration are: C. A. Farmer, clerk; H. E. Harrison, treasurer; C. A. McCommons, mayor pro tem; H. A. Price, chairman street and drainage committee; E. L. Bailey, deputy marshal; and on the executive committee are K. Forney, G. W. Loke, E. C. Hawes, B. F. Riley, R. A. Kunnes.

DUGOUTS OF GERMANS PROVE DEATH TRAPS

With the British armies in France, January 4.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The dugouts of the German lines, some of which have been marveled of underground construction, are becoming more and more frequently death traps for the soldiers who occupy them. The trench raids which go on nightly from one end of the British front to the other are directed largely for the purpose of bombing these subterranean chambers. No estimate is possible for the number of the enemy killed in this manner.

When a khaki raiding party pounces over the parapet of a German trench in the dead of night, the first alarm of their presence sends the defending soldiers impulsively in the direction of their dugouts. Once inside, however, their doom is sealed. There is a call for surrender, and the soldiers wait, then down goes a bomb, and as many more as may be necessary to completely wreck the place and set it on fire. There have been cases where dugouts have been connected up by tunnels and Germans have escaped through these, but generally speaking the dugouts stand alone. Crouching in the darkness, the soldiers wait for the enemy soldiers very often will not surrender when the first bomb is tossed in, but later they are glad to get out alive. Sometimes they have to be dug out by their captors.

The story is told of a French Canadian who was in a "mop-up" section of the raiders one night. Approaching a dugout which looked entirely deserted, he stuck his head in the doorway and called out:

"No response."

"Last call for any person down there?"

"Again no reply. So the Canadian tore the door off its hinges and sent it hurtling into the darkness. The echo of the explosion had not died away when he heard a shrill cry from below: "Kamerad, kamerad. Twenty-two Germans were later lifted out of the debris at the entrance to that cave."

In some of their recent fighting, as at Beaumont-Hamel, the British have had to face two distinct battles, one overhead and one underground. They have advanced to a point where they suddenly realize they are almost as many of the enemy behind as in front.

The British do not go in very much for the dugout idea. There are dugouts for advanced headquarters, but the men and officers generally stick to the life of the trenches.

SINN FEINERS ATTACK PARLIAMENT MEMBER

London, January 22.—About fifty members of the Sinn Fein flag, rushing upon the platform from which Thomas London, nationalist member of parliament for the east division of Limerick, was addressing a meeting in Limerick yesterday, London was beaten over the head with clubs and kicked. He defended himself with a chair as best he could, and finally was beaten down and laid upon the platform, bleeding. The attack was taken to a hospital. The attack on Mr. London was attributed to speech which he made in the house of commons with reference to the disarmament of the Irish volunteers.

YOUR POCKETBOOK

Is interested in that few degrees in the temperature of your home. Make sure your thermometer is a dependable one, and you will note the difference in your coal bills. Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, have them. 42 N. Broad St.—(adv.)

Plenty of seats for Sarah Bernhardt matinee today, 2:30. Last chance. Buy early.

CONFIDENCE Begets Business

Constitution readers believe in its columns—
News—Editorials—Advertising



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